

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number 143603

TO: Mahmoud Hassan

Location: 3A18 Art Unit: 2165

Tuesday, February 01, 2005

Case Serial Number: 09/723746

From: Anne Hendrickson

Location: EIC 2100

RND 4B28

Phone: 571-272-3490

Anne.Hendrickson@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Mahmoud – Attached is an NPL Search on the above referenced case. I conducted the search as if it were a Business Methods search and searched all of the required Business Methods databases. I searched Japio and Derwent, but did not search the full text EPO and PCT patent databases. I have tagged references that I felt might be of particular interest. Please do not limit your review to just those articles, however. If you need the full text of any of the references, just let us know.

Please let me know if you have any questions or would like for me to refocus the search.

Anne



SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Art Unit: 2165 Phone N	umber 30 272 - 407	Examiner #:
If more than one search is submi		
Please provide a detailed statement of the s Include the elected species or structures, ke	earch topic, and describe a eywords, synonyms, acrony hat may have a special me	s specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. ms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or aning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if
		m For Recycling Materials
Inventors (please provide full names):	Charles R. S.	zmanda, Peter Trefonas, III,
Richard Hemond, Mo	uh S. Thirsk	, Leo L. Linehan, Anthony Zampini
Earliest Priority Filing Date:	*	
For Sequence Searches Only Please includ appropriate serial number.	e all pertinent information (p	arent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the
	of re-cycling	grow materials from a plurality
of Streams generate	d by waste	stream fouriders.
Waste Stream monitor	ring module.	Monitoring Production of Produced
A		Determination of amount of
		fy of waste stream. Waste
Stream Provider int	erface and Go	minunication link- Re-usable
materials Database	Communication	ing with monitoring module. Storing
		· Putting up raw materials up
		Purchase Price with material. User
		re-usable makind and access
		nodule. Receive Purchase Request.
School Suitable Waste	based on Pa	erchase reguest. Fulfil Purchase
Durad Despry P	lant recovers.	specified waste. Transport waste
to user. Waste Strea	m Consisting of	viginal a waste raw material.
STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher: Akan Handrickson	NA Sequence (#)	STN
Searcher Phone #: 2-3490	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit
Date Searcher Picked Up: 1/25/05	Bibliographic	Dr.Link
Date Completed: 2///05	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet
Online Time: 299	Other	Other (specify)
PTO-1590 (8-01)		

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Set
         Items
                 Description
       1180570
                 WASTE? ? OR WASTESTREAM?
 S1
       1059267
                 DB OR DBS OR OODB OR RDB OR RDBMS OR RDBS OR RD OR DATABAS-
 S2
              E? OR DATABANK? OR DATAMIN? OR DATA() (BASE? OR BANK? OR MINE?
               OR MINING)
S3
       2011416
                 WEB OR INTERNET? OR NET OR WWW OR WEBPAGE? OR WEB() PAGE?
              OR WEBSITE? OR WEB()SITE? OR ONLINE OR ON()LINE
S4
       2379544
                 NETWORK? OR NET() WORK? OR LAN OR WAN OR SERVER? ? INTRANET?
               OR EXTRANET
S5
         53308
                 S1 AND S2:S4
S6
       2112882
                 RECYCL? OR RECOVER? OR REUSE? OR REUSING OR REUSABLE? OR -
              RE()(USE? ? OR USING OR USABLE?) OR DISPOS? OR REPROCESS? OR
              RE() PROCESS?
S7
         14874
                 S5 AND S1(5N)S6
S8
         23537
                 S1(5N) (AMOUNT? ? OR QUANTITY OR QUANTITIES OR TOTAL? ? OR
               SUM? ? OR SUMMATION?)
S9
           506
                 S8 AND S7
S10
       2658159
                 PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR SOLD OR ACOUIR?
             OR ACQUISITION? OR TRANSACT?
S11
            33
                 S9 AND S10
S12
            26
                 RD (unique items)
S13
                 S12 NOT PY>2000
            22
          1549
S14
                 S1 AND S6 AND S3/DE, TI
S15
          852
                 S14 AND S1(5N)S6
       9352713
                 (RAW OR ORGANIC)()(MATERIAL? OR SUBSTANCE? OR ELEMENT?) OR
S16
             CHEMICAL? ? OR COMPOUND?
        76990
· S17
                (S1 OR S16)(5N) (AMOUNT? ? OR QUANTITY OR QUANTITIES OR T-
             OTAL? ? OR SUM? ? OR SUMMATION?)
            36 S15 AND S17
S18
S19
            31
                 RD (unique items)
S20
            30
                 S19 NOT S13
            29
                 S20 NOT PY>2000
S21
S22
                 S21 AND S10
            1
 ?show files
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Jan W3
File
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       65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Jan W5
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          (c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
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          (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
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          (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co
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          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
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          (c) 2001 ProQuest Info&Learning
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          (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
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      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Jan W4
          (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
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          (c) 2005 American Institute of Physics
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      99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2004/Nov
          (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co.
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File 266:FEDRIP 2004/Oct

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File 474:New York Times Abs 1969-2005/Jan 31

(c) 2005 The New York Times
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04412509

E.I. No: EIP96053197605

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(Item 1 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R) File
              8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
04970446
          E.I. No: EIP97093836738
  Title: Development of an automated system to enhance the utilization of
industrial residuals in Louisiana
 Author: Tufail, Amer; Fonseca, Daniel; Seals, Roger K.; Knapp, Gerald;
Odom, David
 Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 Air & Waste Management
Association's 89th Annual Meeting & Exhibition
 Conference
               Location:
                            Nashville,
                                          TN,
                                                 USA
                                                       Conference
19960623-19960628
 E.I. Conference No.: 46962
 Source: Proceedings of the Air & Waste Management Association's Annual
Meeting & Exhibition 1996. Air & Waste Management Assoc, Pittsburgh, PA,
USA. 14pp 96-RA124A.02
 Publication Year: 1996
 CODEN: PAMEE5
 Language: English
 Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); G
; (General Review)
 Journal Announcement: 9805W1
 Abstract: A database composed of listings of industrial solid wastes
for the State of Louisiana is being developed in a cooperative project
involving investigators from academia, the State, and the private sector.
Historical 'generator' and 'disposer' data are being collected from the
files of the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality and transferred
of incorporation into a commercially available database system. Among
other information, these data include unique generator, disposer, parish,
and waste codes; generator address and contact; disposer permit number;
        quantities; and waste description. The generator and disposer
information will be tied to ground locations using available latitude and
longitude data for each of the respective sites. These spatial data will be
incorporated into a geographic information system (GIS) that will also
include information concerning highways and waterways, municipal
boundaries, etc. Once completed, this database system will be linked to
an expert materials evaluation system that is being developed separately.
The combined use of the residuals database and materials evaluation
expert system will require that a materials properties database be
developed to contain physical, chemical, mineralogical, and environmental
data for a given residual material. Once such a material properties
database is established for a given residual, the residual can be
evaluated by the expert system to assess the potential utilization options
for the residual. When completed, the system will have application for use
with both industrial and municipal solid waste . (Author abstract)
 Descriptors: *Wast e utilization; Database systems; Data acquisition
; Environmental protection; Geographic information systems; Expert systems
 Identifiers: Industrial residuals; Louisiana; Solid wastes;
Environmental quality
 Classification Codes:
         (Expert Systems)
 723.4.1
       (Industrial Wastes); 723.3 (Database Systems); 723.2
Processing); 454.2 (Environmental Impact & Protection); 903.3
(Information Retrieval & Use); 723.4 (Artificial Intelligence)
  452 (Sewage & Industrial Wastes Treatment); 723 (Computer Software);
   (Environmental Engineering); 903 (Information Science)
     (POLLUTION & SANITARY ENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)
; 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING)
           (Item 2 from file: 8)
13/5/2
DIALOG(R) File
              8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
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Title: Environmental control - better use of product or how to make money
from environmental waste
 Author: Mooney, Eric F.
 Corporate Source: Tytronics Inc, Bedford, MA, USA
 Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 41st Annual ISA Analysis
Division Symposium
 Conference
               Location:
                            Framingham,
                                           MA,
                                                  USA
                                                       Conference
                                                                     Date:
19960421-19960424
 Sponsor: ISA
 E.I. Conference No.: 44696
 Source: Annual ISA Analysis Division Symposium - Proceedings v 29 1996.
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Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, NC, USA. p 207-216 Publication Year: 1996

ISSN: 5617-1099

Language: English

CODEN: ANDIEY

Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); X; (Experimental)

Journal Announcement: 9607W3

Abstract: Protecting the environment from gaseous emissions leads to the formation of a considerable amount of waste . This waste may be greatly reduced by having proper on - line measurements to determine whether the level of potential waste gas is better recycled and used again within the process. Several examples of this cost saving approach will be discussed. When the gas is not at a suitable concentration to be economically recycled and has to be scrubbed, the spent scrubber material may be sold to assist in the manufacture of another product, or may itself become the raw material for production purposes. Examples of this latter approach will be discussed, but in each case rigorous control and analysis of the spent solution is vital if the required quality specification is to be met. Cases of refineries supplying wood pulp plants with 'spent caustic' for the digesters and the 'production' of building grade gypsum from the scrubbing of power plant stacks will be described. Special attention will be paid to the analytical techniques and the type of on - line analyzer used for the applications. (Author abstract) 2 Refs. Descriptors: *Gas emissions; Environmental protection; Air pollution control; Wastes; Analytic equipment; Online systems; Cost effectiveness ; Hydrogen sulfide; Ammonia

Identifiers: Phosgene; Spent caustic; Waste gas; Power plan stacks; Online analyzer

Classification Codes:

451.1 (Air Pollution Sources); 454.2 (Environmental Impact & Protection); 451.2 (Air Pollution Control); 802.1 (Chemical Plants & Equipment); 722.4 (Digital Computers & Systems); 911.2 (Industrial Economics)

451 (Air Pollution); 454 (Environmental Engineering); 802 (Chemical Apparatus & Plants); 722 (Computer Hardware); 911 (Industrial Economics) 45 (POLLUTION & SANITARY ENGINEERING); 80 (CHEMICAL ENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 91 (ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT)

13/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
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00357599 E.I. Monthly No: EI7404021489

Title: SOLID WASTE AND REMOTE SENSING.
Author: Garofalo, Donald; Wobber, Frank J.

Corporate Source: Earth Satell Corp, Washington, DC

Source: Photogrammetric Engineering v 40 n 1 Jan 1974 p 45-59

Publication Year: 1974

CODEN: PGMEA9
Language: ENGLISH

Journal Announcement: 7404

Abstract: In order to implement practical solid- waste planning and management at the regional level, data acquisition systems which are unrestricted by jurisdictional boundaries are needed. High-altitude aircraft remote sensing provides a regional working data base and information including waste distributions, waste characteristics, and

quantities. Solid- waste quantities for a given area can be estimated from high-altitude aircraft photographs providing collateral statistics such as average amount of waste generated by a waste source unit, e.g., residential dwellings, commercial or industrial facilities or by population are available. Interpretation of high-altitude aircraft remote-sensing records provides essential data for solid- waste planners including the location of waste disposal sites and facilities and contributes toward selecting the most suitable disposal method or methods for a given region. 5 refs.

Descriptors: *PHOTOGRAMMETRY; WASTE DISPOSAL; AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY; REGIONAL PLANNING

Identifiers: REMOTE SENSING

Classification Codes:

403 (Urban & Regional Planning & Development); 405 (Construction Equipment & Methods); 452 (Sewage & Industrial Wastes Treatment); 742 (Cameras & Photography); 901 (Engineering Profession)

40 (CIVIL ENGINEERING); 45 (POLLUTION & SANITARY ENGINEERING); 74 (OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY); 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING)

13/5/6 (Item 1 from file: 103)

DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec

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04443494 JP-98-0H0440; EDB-99-024173

Title: New technologies to improve environment management

Original Title: Kankyo kanri shien gijutsu no shintenkai

Source: Hitachi Hyoron v 80:8. Coden: HIHYA4 ISSN: 0367-5874

Publication Date: 1 Aug 1998

p 21-24

Document Type: Journal Article

Language: Japanese

Journal Announcement: EDB9906

Subfile: ETD (Energy Technology Data Exchange). NEDO (Japan (sent to DOE from))

US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: NP

Country of Origin: Japan

Country of Publication: Japan

Abstract: With the diffusion in progress of ISO 14001 that governs international environmental standards, environmental management has become an important managerial project, and the burden is growing heavier on the shoulders of responsible persons. Among Hitachi, Ltd., offices, an environmental management assistance tool EcoAssist is in service on the in-house computer network , with which employees can input their data and read documents at their personal computer terminals. Since the corporation began offering information to the outside, more than 100 contracts have been signed in a year, and the service has come to constitute a primary system in the scene of ISO 14001 certificate acquisition and maintenance. As for the handling of waste materials, it is so managed that records will be kept in storage covering their release, transportation, and disposal, although some handwork is necessary. Efforts are also being made to construct an information system, in which activities will be closely coordinated on a network throughout the stages of designing, manufacturing, disposal , and a total system for utilization, and waste environmental management. Some of the required functions have already been developed for these systems, and further endeavors are under way to complete them. 3 refs., 3 figs., 1 tab.

Descriptors: COMPUTER NETWORKS; ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING; ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY; INFORMATION SYSTEMS; ISO; LICENSING; LIFE CYCLE; MANAGEMENT; MANPOWER; PERSONAL COMPUTERS; RECORDING SYSTEMS; WASTE MANAGEMENT

Broader Terms: COMPUTERS; DIGITAL COMPUTERS; ENGINEERING; GOVERNMENT POLICIES; INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS; MANAGEMENT; MICROCOMPUTERS

Subject Categories: 290300* -- Energy Planning & Policy -- Environment,

Health, & Safety

990300 -- Information Handling

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290202 -- Energy Planning & Policy -- Sociology -- (1992-)
    540000 -- Environment -- (1990-)
 13/5/7
            (Item 2 from file: 103)
DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec
(c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv.
04130462
           EDB-97-039166
Title: West Siberian Basin hydrogeology: Site characterization of Mayak,
    Tomsk-7, and Krasnoyarsk-26
Author(s)/Editor(s): Hoover, K.A.; Foley, M.G.; Allen, E.A.; Alexander,
    L.J.; McKinley, M.I.
Corporate Source:
                   Pacific Northwest National Lab., Richland, WA (United
    States) (Code: 9534822)
                          DOE/EM; USDOE Office of Environmental
Sponsoring Organization:
    Restoration and Waste Management, Washington, DC (United States)
Publication Date: Jan 1997
Report Number(s): PNNL-11457
Order Number: DE97004316
Contract Number (DOE): AC06-76RL01830
Document Type: Report
Language: English
Journal Announcement: EDB9707
Availability: OSTI; NTIS; INIS; GPO Dep.
Distribution: (Report):A (MF):4 MN-2070
Subfile:
           ETD (Energy Technology Data Exchange); INS (US Atomindex input);
   NTS (NTIS).
                 IMS (DOE contractor)
US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: P
Country of Origin: United States
Country of Publication: United States
Abstract: The former Soviet Union has extensive defense-related nuclear
    production facilities that have released large amounts of hazardous
    and radioactive waste materials into the air, surface water, and
    ground water in areas surrounding the production sites. The key sites
    of concern are Mayak, Tomsk-7, and Krasnoyarsk-26, all located within
    the West siberian Basin. The Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
    (PNNL), in cooperation with the Russian Ministry of Atomic Energy
    (Minatom), has been conducted contaminant-migration studies of Mayak,
    Tomsk-7, and Krasnoyarsk-26 in Western Siberia since 1993. The intent
    of this program is to maximize use of US and Russian site
    characterization, contaminant transport modeling, and remediation
    technology for the benefit of DOE and Minatom site-cleanup activities.
    Site characterization activities conducted during FY 1996 comprised
    evaluating the existing database, developing methods for synthesizing
    missing data, and designing an effective means of data and technology
    transfer. Comparison of the database , most of the contents of which
    have been acquired remotely with contaminant transport modeling data
    requirements allowed the authors to evaluate the utility of data
    acquired remotely for modeling purposes, and to identify gaps in the
    characterization of Russian waste - disposal sites. Identifying these
    gaps led to the second activity, which was to develop methods for
    synthesizing missing data from an evaluation of existing data. The
    authors tested these methods by evaluating geologic fracturing at the
    Mayak site. The third activity was the development of an effective
    procedure for data and technology transfer. The goal was to provide the
    site characterization database to Russian modelers in such a way that
    the data were easily transported, viewed, and manipulated for use in
    their models. This report summarizes the results of the three site
    characterization activities performed during FY 1996.
Major Descriptors: *RADIOACTIVE WASTE FACILITIES; *SITE CHARACTERIZATION
Descriptors: FUEL REPROCESSING PLANTS; GEOLOGIC FRACTURES; INFORMATION
    SYSTEMS; INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION; MAPS; MAYAK PLANT; RADIOACTIVE
           DISPOSAL ; RADIONUCLIDE MIGRATION; SIBERIA; USA
Broader Terms: ASIA; COOPERATION; DEVELOPED COUNTRIES; EASTERN EUROPE;
    ENVIRONMENTAL TRANSPORT; EUROPE; GEOLOGIC STRUCTURES; MANAGEMENT; MASS
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TRANSFER; NORTH AMERICA; NUCLEAR FACILITIES; RADIOACTIVE WASTE

MANAGEMENT; RUSSIAN FEDERATION; WASTE DISPOSAL; WASTE MANAGEMENT Subject Categories: 053001* -- Nuclear Fuels -- Environmental Aspects --Siting -- (1992-) 052002 -- Nuclear Fuels -- Waste Disposal & Storage INIS Subject Categories: C5212* -- Environmental aspects of siting of fission fuel cycle facilities -- (1992-) E5200 -- Waste Disposal 13/5/8 (Item 3 from file: 103) DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec (c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv. 04080078 EDB-96-163838 Title: An expert system framework for nondestructive waste assay Author(s)/Editor(s): Becker, G.K. Corporate Source: Lockheed Martin Idaho Technologies Co., Idaho Falls, ID (United States) (Code: 9535744) Sponsoring Organization: DOE; USDOE, Washington, DC (United States) Conference Title: 37. annual meeting of the Institute of Nuclear Materials Management Conference Location: Naples, FL (United States) Conference Date: 28-31 Jul 1996 Publication Date: 1996 (6 p) Report Number(s): INEL-96/00252 CONF-960767--71 Order Number: DE96015352 Contract Number (DOE): AC07-94ID13223 Document Type: Report; Conference Literature Language: English Journal Announcement: EDB9623 Availability: OSTI; NTIS; INIS; GPO Dep. Distribution: (Report):A (MF):4 MN-2070 Subfile: ERA (Energy Research Abstracts); ETD (Energy Technology Data Exchange); INS (US Atomindex input); NTS (NTIS). TIC (Technical Information Center) US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: P Country of Origin: United States Country of Publication: United States Abstract: Management and disposition of transuranic (RU) waste forms necessitates determining entrained RU and associated radioactive material quantities as per National RU Waste Characterization Program requirements. Technical justification and demonstration of a given NDA method used to determine RU mass and uncertainty in accordance with program quality assurance is difficult for many waste forms. Difficulties are typically founded in waste NDA methods that employ standards compensation and/or employment of simplifying assumptions on waste form configurations. Capability to determine and justify RU mass and mass uncertainty can be enhanced through integration of waste container data/information using expert system and empirical data-driven techniques with conventional data acquisition and analysis. Presented is a preliminary expert system framework that integrates the waste form data base , alogrithmic techniques, statistical analyses, expert domain knowledge bases, and empirical artificial intelligence modules into a cohesive system. The framework design and bases in addition to module development activities are discussed. Major Descriptors: *RADIOACTIVE WASTES -- NONDESTRUCTIVE ANALYSIS Descriptors: ALPHA-BEARING WASTES; EXPERT SYSTEMS; HIGH-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTES ; WASTE FORMS Broader Terms: CHEMICAL ANALYSIS; MATERIALS; RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS; RADIOACTIVE WASTES ; WASTES Subject Categories: 052000* -- Nuclear Fuels -- Waste Management INIS Subject Categories: E5000* -- Waste Management

13/5/9 (Item 4 from file: 103) DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec

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(c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv.
03916628
          EDB-96-000388
Title: Neural network utility in nondestructive transuranic waste
    assay, initial investigations
Author(s)/Editor(s): Becker, G.
Corporate Source: EG and G Idaho, Inc., Idaho Falls, ID (United States)
    Pacific Northwest Lab., Richland, WA (United States) (Code: 9507781;
    9512268)
Sponsoring Organization:
                         DOE; USDOE, Washington, DC (United States)
Conference Title: 74. annual Gas Processors Association (GPA) meeting
Conference Location: San Antonio, TX (United States)
                                                    Conference Date:
    13-15 Mar 1995
Publication Date: 1995
(6p)
Report Number(s): INEL-95/00263
                                CONF-9503132--3
Order Number: DE96002525
Contract Number (DOE): AC06-76RL01830; AC07-94ID13223
Document Type: Report; Conference Literature
Language: English
Journal Announcement: EDB9601
Availability: OSTI; NTIS; INIS; GPO Dep.
Distribution: (Report):0 (MF):4 MN-2020
Subfile:
           ERA
                (Energy Research Abstracts); ETD (Energy Technology Data
    Exchange); INS (US Atomindex input); NTS (NTIS). IIA (DOE contractor)
US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: P
Country of Origin: United States
Country of Publication: United States
Abstract: The determination of transuranic (TRU) and associated radioactive
    material quantities entrained in waste forms is a necessary
    component of waste characterization. Measurement performance
    requirements are specified in the National TRU Waste Characterization
    Program quality assurance plan for which compliance must be
    demonstrated prior to the transportation and disposition of wastes .
   With respect to this criterion, the existing TRU nondestructive waste
    assay (NDA) capability is inadequate for a significant fraction of the
   US Department of Energy (DOE) complex waste inventory. This is a
   result of the general application of safeguard-type measurement and
    calibration schemes to waste form configurations. Incompatibilities
   between such measurement methods and actual waste form configurations
   complicate regulation. compliance demonstration processes and
    illustrate the need for an alternate measurement interpretation
   paradigm. Hence, it appears necessary to supplement or perhaps
   restructure the perceived solution and approach to the waste NDA
   problem. The first step is to understand the magnitude of the waste
   matrix/source attribute space associated with those waste form
    configurations in inventory and how this creates complexities and
    unknowns with respect to existing NDA methods. Once defined and/or
    bounded, a conceptual method must be developed that specifies the
    necessary tools and the framework in which the tools are used. A
   promising framework is a hybridized neural network structure.
    Discussed are some typical complications associated with conventional
    waste NDA techniques and how improvements can be obtained through the
    application of neural networks .
Major Descriptors: *ALPHA-BEARING WASTES -- DATA ACQUISITION;
    *ALPHA-BEARING WASTES -- MONITORING; *DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS --
    DESIGN; *NEURAL NETWORKS -- USES
Descriptors: NONDESTRUCTIVE ANALYSIS; RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT
Broader Terms: CHEMICAL ANALYSIS; MANAGEMENT; MATERIALS; RADIOACTIVE
    MATERIALS; RADIOACTIVE WASTES; WASTE MANAGEMENT; WASTES
Subject Categories: 052000* -- Nuclear Fuels -- Waste Management
    420500 -- Engineering -- Materials Testing
           -- Radiation Instrumentation
    440100
INIS Subject Categories: E5000*
                                -- Waste Management
    E1700 -- Materials Testing
          -- Particle & Radiation Detection & Measuring Instruments &
    Methods
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21/5/3
          (Item 3 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R) File
              8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
03307397
          E.I. Monthly No: EI9110126788
 Title: Springfield's MRF goes on - line .
 Author: Combs, Susan
 Source: Waste Age v 21 n 9 Sep 1990 p 73-74, 76
 Publication Year: 1990
 CODEN: WAGEAE
                 ISSN: 0043-1001
 Language: English
 Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: A; (Applications)
 Journal Announcement: 9110
 Abstract: Resource Recovery Systems (RRS) in Essex, Conn., is
recognized as one of the country's leading materials recovery firms,
specializing in MRF design, construction, materials marketing, and
day-to-day operations. The Springfield Recycling Facility in Springfield,
Mass., is RRS's most technically advanced plant; it can process more than
240 tpd of old newspapers, corrugated cardboard, office paper, and magazine
stock, as well as aluminum cans and colored glass. The Springfield MRF's
mission is to minimize the amount of waste coming out of the plant. In
conjunction with this philosophy, an off-site composting project slashes
the MRF's amount of unsalvageable waste even further. Equipped with two
processing lines, one dedicated to paper and the other for glass and
aluminum, the facility is
 Descriptors: *REFUSE DISPOSAL --* Recycling; MUNICIPAL ENGINEERING--
Springfield, Massachusetts; MACHINERY; WASTE DISPOSAL -- Composting
 Identifiers: RESOURCE RECOVERY
 Classification Codes:
  452 (Sewage & Industrial Wastes Treatment); 403 (Urban & Regional
Planning & Development); 601 (Mechanical Design)
  45 (POLLUTION & SANITARY ENGINEERING); 40 (CIVIL ENGINEERING); 60
(MECHANICAL ENGINEERING)
21/5/13
             (Item 8 from file: 103)
DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec
(c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv.
03327219
          EDB-92-081517
Title: An online analysis technique for estimating the potential of
   volatile organics emission from hazardous wastes
Author(s): Mitra, S.; Jayanty, R.K.M.; Gholson, A. (Research Triangle
   Inst., Research Triangle Park, NC (United States)); McAllister, G.;
   Dishakjian, R. (Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle
   Park, NC (United States))
Title: 1991 EPA/AWMA international symposium on measurement of toxic and
   related air pollutants
Author(s)/Editor(s): Gay, B.W. Jr. (ed.)
Conference Title: International Air and Waste Management (AWMA) symposium
   on measurement of toxic and related air pollutants
Conference Location: Durham, NC (United States)
                                               Conference Date: 7-10 May
   1991
Publisher: Washington, DC (US) Environmental Protection Agency
Publication Date: 1991
p 150
        (222 p)
Report Number(s):
                    CONF-910555--
Document Type: Analytic of a Book; Conference Literature
Language: In English
Journal Announcement: EDB9211
Subfile:
          ETD (Energy Technology Data Exchange). JMT (DOE contractor)
US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: NP
Country of Origin: United States
Country of Publication: United States
Abstract: Though many aspects of hazardous waste managements have been
   well studied, not much is known about the emission of volatile organics
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hazardous wastes and waste streams in different industries. A prediction of the amount of volatile organic emission is important for managing these wastes . The purpose of this study was to develop and evaluate a test method to measure and regulate the amount of VOCs given off from different types of wastes . It was desirable to develop a method by which the volatile organics including the halogenated organic compounds could be recovered from the waste and the analyzed. Several candidate test methods for removal of VOCs from wastes were considered. The gravimetric purge and trap method was selected and modified. The technique involved suspending the waste in matrix containing H{sub 2}O and polyethylene glycol and purging with a flow of N(sub 2). The evolving gases were then analyzed by on-line flamed ionization detector (FID) and electrolytic conductivity detector (EICD). The FID measured the amount of carbon expressed as mg of Ch{sub 4) and the ILCD measured the amount of chlorine expressed as mg cl. The total organic was calculated by adding the two values. Thus, this method was suitable for both hydrocarbons and halogenated organic compounds. In this study, synthetic wastes representing different types of waste matrices were evaluated. Modifications to the experimental apparatus were also made to simplify the operation. Major Descriptors: *HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- WASTE MANAGEMENT; *ORGANIC COMPOUNDS -- CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Descriptors: AIR POLLUTION; AIR POLLUTION MONITORING; ECOLOGICAL CONCENTRATION; VOLATILE MATTER Broader Terms: MANAGEMENT; MATERIALS; MATTER; MONITORING; POLLUTION Subject Categories: 540120* -- Environment, Atmospheric -- Chemicals Monitoring & Transport -- (1990-) 21/5/11 (Item 6 from file: 103) DIALOG(R)File 103:Energy SciTec (c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv. EDB-93-162905 03584027 Title: LLNL on - line surplus chemical exchange data base Author(s)/Editor(s): Gonzalez, M.A. Corporate Source: Lawrence Livermore National Lab., CA (United States) (Code: 9513035) Sponsoring Organization: DOE; USDOE, Washington, DC (United States) Conference Title: 9. waste minimization and pollution prevention conference Conference Location: San Francisco, CA (United States) Conference Date: 13-15 Apr 1993 Publication Date: 14 Apr 1993 (5p)Report Number(s): UCRL-JC-113691 CONF-930483--14 Order Number: DE94000301 Contract Number (DOE): W-7405-ENG-48 Document Type: Report; Conference Literature Language: English Journal Announcement: EDB9324 Availability: OSTI; NTIS; GPO Dep. Distribution: (Report):0 (MF):4 MN-700 ERA (Energy Research Abstracts); ETD (Energy Technology Data Subfile: Exchange); NTS (NTIS). TIC (Technical Information Center) US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: P Country of Origin: United States Country of Publication: United States Abstract: Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) is a US Department of Energy (DOE)' research and development $(R\ D)$ facility operated by the University of California. The R D activities conducted at LLNL require the use of a wide variety of $% \left(\mathbf{c}\right) =\left(\mathbf{c}\right) +\left(\mathbf{c}\right) =\left(\mathbf{c}\right) +\left(\mathbf{c}\right) +\left(\mathbf{c}\right) =\left(\mathbf{c}\right) +\left(\mathbf{c}\right) +\left($ sufficient quantities to ensure that the necessary supply is on-hand to meet programmatic schedules and commitments. Purchasing control measures minimize excess inventories of unused chemicals , but small quantities of opened and unopened surplus chemicals still remain at the conclusion of research activities. Drum quantities of surplus

(VOs) into the atmosphere from these wastes . Significant amounts of

volatile organic compounds (VOs) are emitted from a variety of

chemicals also can be generated if a programmatic activity is abruptly terminated because of loss of funding. A real-time system was needed to route unused surplus chemicals to new experiments and programs instead of to waste treatment and disposal facilities. Representatives from four LLNL organizations (Lasers, Defense Systems/Nuclear Design, Chemistry, and Business Services) combined their skills and ideas to develop and implement an on-Ii ne surplus chemical exchange system for use at LLNL. An electronic surplus chemical bulletin board, referred to. as the LLNL Chemical Exchange Data Base,'' is the product of the group's efforts.

Major Descriptors: *INFORMATION SYSTEMS -- DESIGN; *INORGANIC COMPOUNDS -- INVENTORIES; *ORGANIC COMPOUNDS -- INVENTORIES

Descriptors: COMPUTERS; LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY

Broader Terms: NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS; US AEC; US DOE; US ERDA; US ORGANIZATIONS

Subject Categories: 990301* -- Information Handling -- Data Handling -- (1992-)

400000 -- Chemistry

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Description
Set
         Items
       1246306
                 WASTE? ? OR WASTESTREAM? OR WASTEWATER
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                 DB OR DBS OR OODB OR RDB OR RDBMS OR RDBS OR RD OR DATABAS-
       1079533
S2
              E? OR DATABANK? OR DATAMIN? OR DATA() (BASE? OR BANK? OR MINE?
               OR MINING)
S3.
                 WEB OR INTERNET? OR NET OR WWW OR WEBPAGE? OR WEB() PAGE?
              OR WEBSITE? OR WEB()SITE? OR ONLINE OR ON()LINE
                 NETWORK? OR NET()WORK? OR LAN OR WAN OR SERVER? ? INTRANET?
               OR EXTRANET
S5
         57029
                 S1 AND S2:S4
      2136205
                 RECYCL? OR RECOVER? OR REUSE? OR REUSING OR REUSABLE? OR -
S6
              DISPOS? OR REPROCESS?
S7
        21590
                 S5 AND S6
S8
      9407455
                 (RAW OR ORGANIC) () (MATERIAL? OR SUBSTANCE? OR ELEMENT?) OR
              CHEMICAL? ? OR COMPOUND?
         7438
                 S7 AND S8
S9
      5051124
                 PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR SOLD OR ACQUIRE?
S10
               OR ACQUISITION? OR COST? ? OR TRANSACT?
         1444
S11
                 S9 AND S10
                 S11 AND S1(5N)S6
          924
S12
          211
                 S12 AND S1(5N)S10
S13
                 RD (unique items)
S14
          182
                 S14 NOT PY>2000
          175
S15
S16
                 S15 AND (WASTE()STREAM? ? OR WASTESTREAM? OR WASTE()WATER -
             OR WASTEWATER)
S17
                S9 AND (PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR SOLD OR
             ACQUIRE? OR ACQUISITION? OR TRANSACT?)
          219
S18
                 S17 AND S1(5N)S6
S19
                 S18 AND S1(5N) (PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR
             SOLD OR ACQUIRE? OR ACQUISITION? OR TRANSACT?)
S20
           22
                 RD (unique items)
                 S7 AND (PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR SOLD OR
S21
             ACQUIRE? OR ACQUISITION? OR TRANSACT?)
                 B2B OR B2C OR P2P OR BUSINESS(2W)(BUSINESS OR CLIENT? OR C-
             ONSUMER?) OR PEER(2W) PEER OR ECOMMERCE OR E() COMMERCE
S23
           70
                S21 AND S22
                RD (unique items)
-S-2.5 --
                .S24 NOT PY>2000
                                    A D. Sand Tallian and the Control of the Property of the
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       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Jan W3
         (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2004/Dec
         (c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 103:Energy SciTec 1974-2005/Jan B1
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      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Dec W3
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         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
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         (c) 2001 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 483: Newspaper Abs Daily 1986-2005/Jan 29.
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
       6:NTIS 1964-2005/Jan W3
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File 144:Pascal 1973-2005/Jan W3
         (c) 2005 INIST/CNRS
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Jan W4
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File 62:SPIN(R) 1975-2005/Nov W2

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File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2004/Nov

(c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co.

File 583:Gale Group Globalbase(TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13

(c) 2002 The Gale Group

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?t s20/5/4,10 (Item 2 from file: 103) DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec (c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv. 04007742 EDB-96-091502 Title: The SWAP SHOP: A surplus materials exchange network at DOE's Oak Ridge Reservation Author(s)/Editor(s): Bell, L.H.; Birch-Kennedy, S. Corporate Source: Oak Ridge National Lab., TN (United States) (Code: 4832000) Sponsoring Organization: DOE; USDOE, Washington, DC (United States) Conference Title: 9. waste minimization and pollution prevention conference Conference Location: San Francisco, CA (United States) Conference Date: 13-15 Apr 1993 Publication Date: [1993] (14 p)Report Number(s): CONF-930483-16 Order Number: DE96010738 Contract Number (DOE): AC05-840R21400 Document Type: Report; Conference Literature Language: English Journal Announcement: EDB9613 Availability: OSTI; NTIS; INIS; GPO Dep. Distribution: (Report):A (MF):4 MN-400 Subfile: ERA (Energy Research Abstracts); ETD (Energy Technology Data Exchange); INS (US Atomindex input); NTS (NTIS). IMS (DOE contractor) US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: P Country of Origin: United States Country of Publication: United States Abstract: The diversity and continually changing nature of the research and production programs at the ORR plant sites, as well as the size of the facilities and their physical separation on the ORR, lead to the buildup of surplus equipment and materials from canceled or completed projects, changes in work orders or directives, or over-procurement of particular items or materials. Many times, for lack of a means to find legitimate uses for these excess items, they have been disposed of as wastes or sold as salvage. Recognizing that this situation prevails at most, if not all, government facilities, Congress has enacted legislation encouraging the establishment of waste minimization, pollution prevention, and cost avoidance measures throughout government-owned facilities. In response to this, the Secretary of Energy has instituted a high-priority DOE initiative to develop, promote, and implement waste minimization and pollution prevention at government installations. One result of the increased awareness and emphasis on environmental concerns and improved resource management is the recent grassroots development of a surplus materials exchange network developed and operated on a voluntary basis by Environmental Protection Officers (EPOs) at the Oak Ridge installations. The EPOs are full-time or part-time staff members employed by each division to provide guidance and assistance for achieving compliance with all environmental regulatory requirements and to resolve waste problems. The materials exchange network , called the SWAP SHOP, provides an EPO communications and problem-solving network to help eliminate unnecessary disposal of usable surplus chemicals and equipment at the Oak Ridge plant sites.

Major Descriptors: *OAK RIDGE RESERVATION -- NONRADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT

Descriptors: COMPLIANCE; EQUIPMENT; MATERIALS; POLLUTION ABATEMENT; POLLUTION REGULATIONS; RECYCLING; WASTE PRODUCT UTILIZATION

Broader Terms: MANAGEMENT; NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS; REGULATIONS; US DOE; US ERDA; US ORGANIZATIONS; WASTE MANAGEMENT

Subject Categories: 052000* -- Nuclear Fuels -- Waste Management

INIS Subject Categories: E5000* -- Waste Management

DTALOG(R)File 6:NTIS ►↑C) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res. All rts. reserv.

1744827 NTIS Accession Number: PB93-212439

EPA's Research in LCA Methodology

Curran, M. A.; Vigon, B. W.

Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati, OH. Risk Reduction Engineering Lab.

Corp. Source Codes: 034122084; Sponsor: Battelle, Columbus, OH. Report No.: EPA/600/A-93/154

1993 12p

Languages: English Document Type: Journal article

Journal Announcement: GRAI9319

Pub. in Air and Waste Management Association Conference (86th), Denver, CO., June 13-18, 1993. Prepared in cooperation with Battelle, Columbus, OH. Product reproduced from digital image. Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)321-8547; and email at orders@ntis.fedworld.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.

NTIS Prices: PC A03/MF A01

Country of Publication: United States

Life-Cycle Assessment (LCA) is a technical, data - based and holistic approach to define and subsequently reduce the environmental burdens associated with a product, process, or activity by identifying and quantifying energy and material usage and waste discharges, assessing the those wastes on the environment, and evaluating and opportunities to effect environmental improvements. implementing assessment includes the entire life-cycle of the product, process or activity encompassing extraction and processing of raw materials, manufacturing, transportation and distribution, use/reuse, recycling and final disposal . LCA is a useful tool for evaluating the environmental consequences of a product, process, or activity, however, current applications of LCA have not been performed in consistent or easily understood ways. The EPA recognized the need to develop an LCA framework which could be used to provide consistent use across the board. Also, additional research is needed to enhance the understanding about the steps in the performance of an LCA and its appropriate usage. The paper will present the research activities of the EPA leading toward the development of an acceptable method for conducting LCA's.

Descriptors: *Service life; *Environment pollution; *Environmental protection; Pollution control; Pollution abatement; Waste disposal; Waste recycling; Waste management; Manufacturing; Production; Acquisition; Maintenance; Reprints

Identifiers: NTISEPAORD

Section Headings: 68GE (Environmental Pollution and Control--General)

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(Item 7 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File
              8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
05542213
          E.I. No: EIP00045149275
 Title: Three major vendors partner with fibermarket.com
 Author: Anon
 Source: Recycled Paper News v 10 n 6 2000. 1 pp
 Publication Year: 2000.
 CODEN: RPNEF2
                 ISSN: 1051-9831
 Language: English
 Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: G; (General Review)
 Journal Announcement: 0006W2
 Abstract: Three major scrap paper suppliers that sell more than a
million tons, DK Trading, International Cellulose and Manchester Paper
Recycling have formed business alliances with fibermarket.com, an
electronic commerce portal for the paper industry. Fibermarket.com said the
independent packers and brokers of recovered fiber bring a fundamental
understanding of the supply side of the industry and provide a critical
market mass of recovered fiber tons to be transacted on the
fibermarket.com Web
                     site .
 Descriptors: *Paper and pulp industry; Electronic commerce; World Wide
Web ; International trade; Marketing; Sales; Strategic planning; Recycling
; Waste paper
 Identifiers: Scrap papers; Business alliances
 Classification Codes:
        (Computer Applications); 911.4 (Marketing); 912.2 (Management)
      (Cellulose, Paper & Wood Products); 723 (Computer Software); 911
(Industrial Economics); 912 (Industrial Engineering & Management)
 81 (CHEMICAL PROCESS INDUSTRIES); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 91
 (ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT)
25/5/19
             (Item 8 from file: 103)
DIALOG(R) File 103: Energy SciTec
(c) 2005 Contains copyrighted material. All rts. reserv.
         EDB-93-162905
03584027
Title: LLNL on - line surplus chemical exchange data
Author(s)/Editor(s): Gonzalez, M.A.
Corporate Source:
                  Lawrence Livermore National Lab., CA (United States)
(Code: 9513035)
Sponsoring Organization:
                         DOE; USDOE, Washington, DC (United States)
Conference Title: 9. waste minimization and pollution prevention conference
Conference Location: San Francisco, CA (United States) Conference Date:
   13-15 Apr 1993
Publication Date: 14 Apr 1993
Report Number(s): UCRL-JC-113691
                                  CONF-930483--14
Order Number: DE94000301
Contract Number (DOE): W-7405-ENG-48
Document Type: Report; Conference Literature
Language: English
Journal Announcement: EDB9324
Availability: OSTI; NTIS; GPO Dep.
Distribution: (Report):0 (MF):4 MN-700
          ERA (Energy Research Abstracts); ETD (Energy Technology Data
Subfile:
   Exchange); NTS (NTIS). TIC (Technical Information Center)
US DOE Project/NonDOE Project: P
Country of Origin: United States
Country of Publication: United States
Abstract: Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) is a US Department
   of Energy (DOE)' research and development (R D) facility operated by
   the University of California. The R D activities conducted at LLNL
   require the use of a wide variety of chemicals which are purchased in
    sufficient quantities to ensure that the necessary supply is on-hand to
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measures minimize excess inventories of unused chemicals, but small quantities of opened and unopened surplus chemicals still remain at the conclusion of research activities. Drum quantities of surplus chemicals also can be generated if a programmatic activity is abruptly terminated because of loss of funding. A real-time system was needed to route unused surplus chemicals to new experiments and programs instead of to waste treatment and disposal facilities. Representatives from four LLNL organizations (Lasers, Defense Systems/Nuclear Design, Chemistry, and Business Services) combined their skills and ideas to develop and implement an on-Ii ne surplus chemical exchange system for use at LLNL. An electronic surplus chemical bulletin board, referred to. as the LLNL Chemical Exchange Data Base, '' is the product of the group's efforts.

Major Descriptors: *INFORMATION SYSTEMS -- DESIGN; *INORGANIC COMPOUNDS -- INVENTORIES; *ORGANIC COMPOUNDS -- INVENTORIES

Descriptors: COMPUTERS; LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY

Broader Terms: NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS; US AEC; US DOE; US ERDA; US ORGANIZATIONS

Subject Categories: 990301* -- Information Handling -- Data Handling -- (1992-)
400000 -- Chemistry

25/5/35 (Item 2 from file: 99)

DIALOG(R)File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

2605237 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BAST00019437

The Internet moves into the paper recycling industry
Recycling Today (Cleveland, Ohio: 1992) v. 38 no3 (Mar. 2000) p. 64
DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature Article ISSN: 1096-6323 LANGUAGE: English
RECORD STATUS: Corrected or revised record

ABSTRACT: Recent web sites that aim to play a role in business -to-business transactions for the paper recycling industry are listed, and a brief description of each site is provided.

DESCRIPTORS: Waste paper -- Recycling; Internet marketing;

25/5/36 (Item 3 from file: 99)

DIALOG(R)File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

2605235 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BAST00019429

E-rasing the rulebook

Taylor, Brian;

Recycling Today (Cleveland, Ohio: 1992) v. 38 no3 (Mar. 2000) p. 46-59, 182 DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature Article ISSN: 1096-6323 LANGUAGE: English

RECORD STATUS: Corrected or revised record

ABSTRACT: The impact of the emerging **e - commerce** revolution on the **recycling** industry is discussed. Several **web** -based companies are aiming to capture the paper industry **purchases** and sales, including secondary fiber, and metals industry **transactions**, including scrap metal trades.

DESCRIPTORS: Business -to- business commerce; Paper industry; Waste
paper-- Recycling;

25/5/43 (Item 5 from file: 583)
DIALOG(R)File 583:Gale Group Globalbase(TM)
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06456468

Altpapierhandel im Internet

GERMANY: INTERNET TRADING OF WASTE PAPER

Allgemeine Papier-Rundschau (APR) 27 Mar 1997 p.294 Language: GERMAN

At the beginning of 1997, German Hamburg Trade Net GmbH introduced an Internet trading platform for waste paper. By mouse click, German waste management firms can make deals with factories in other European countries, without any intermediaries. The deal is automatically confirmed, and the business partner is informed via e-mail or fax. Initially also offers can be placed by phone or fax. For a monthly fee of DM 500, factories and waste management firms can make an unlimited number of transactions via Internet. The trading system also gives a review of the latest market situation.

COMPANY: INTERNET ; HAMBURG TRADE NET

PRODUCT: Wholesale Trade (5000); Recycled Paper (2621RC);

EVENT: General Management Services (26); Product Design & Development (

33);

COUNTRY: Germany (4GER);

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Set
       Items
               Description
               WASTE? ? OR WASTESTREAM? OR WASTEWATER
S1
       362563
         3685 S1 AND IC=G06F?
S2
S3
      2638484
               (RAW OR ORGANIC) () (MATERIAL? OR SUBSTANCE? OR ELEMENT?) OR
            CHEMICAL? ? OR COMPOUND?
S4
          167 'S2 AND S3
S5
      1114435
               RECYCL? OR RECOVER? OR REUSE? OR REUSING OR REUSABLE? OR -
            DISPOS? OR REPROCESS?
               S4 AND S5
S6
           62
S7
      1035691
                PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR SOLD OR ACOUIRE?
             OR ACQUISITION? OR COST? ?
S8
              S6 AND S7
           18
S9
               S2 AND S5 AND S7
          196
S10
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       198477
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             OR MINING)
S11
       332025
              WEB OR INTERNET? OR NET OR WWW OR WEBPAGE? OR WEB() PAGE?
            OR WEBSITE? OR WEB()SITE? OR ONLINE OR ON()LINE
S12
       392286
               NETWORK? OR NET()WORK? OR LAN OR WAN OR SERVER? ? INTRANET?
             OR EXTRANET
S13
        7313 S1 AND S10:S12
        1922 S13 AND S5
S14
         463 S14 AND S3
S15
              S15 AND S7
S16
          81
S17
          70
               S16 NOT S8
S18
      497664
               B2B OR B2C OR P2P OR BUSINESS(2W)(BUSINESS OR CLIENT? OR C-
            ONSUMER?) OR PEER (2W) PEER OR ECOMMERCE OR E() COMMERCE
           1 S17 AND S18
S19
           0
               S17 AND IC=G06F?
S20
S21
            2 S6 AND (B2B OR B2C OR P2P OR BUSINESS(2W)(BUSINESS OR CLIE-
            NT? OR CONSUMER?) OR PEER(2W) PEER OR ECOMMERCE OR E() COMMERCE)
?show files
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2004/Aug (Updated 041203)
         (c) 2004 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD, UM &UP=200507
         (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
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?t s8/5/1,3,5,7,9,16,18

8/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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07739764 **Image available**

RECYCLING PLAN PREPARATION SYSTEM FOR CONSTRUCTION WASTE

PUB. NO.: 2003-233666 [JP 2003233666 A]

PUBLISHED: August 22, 2003 (20030822)

INVENTOR(s): KATAUE KIMITO

OKADA KOICHI KUROSAWA FUMIO ECHIGO JUNICHI MATSUNAGA HIROTAKA NISHITANI TAKASHI KONO TATSUHIKO

APPLICANT(s): EG CORPORATION KK

APPL. NO.: 2002-033187 [JP 200233187] FILED: February 08, 2002 (20020208) INTL CLASS: G06F-017/60; B09B-005/00

ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a system which can realize a market in which a raw material can be constantly supplied to manufacturers who produce recycled products such as recycled concrete, and purchasers can also stably acquire recycled products having quality and a price they want.

SOLUTION: A market comprising unspecified number of clients who want to discard construction wastes , recycled product manufacturers, and purchasers who want to acquire recycled products is formed by collecting a wide range of information using the Internet or the like. The recycling plan preparation system for construction wastes such as discarded concrete lumps for the market comprises an information database about the clients who want to discard construction wastes, an information database about the recycled product manufacturers, and an information database about the purchasers who want to acquire recycled products.

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8/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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07264580 **Image available**

METHOD FOR RECYCLING WASTE MATERIAL

PUB. NO.: 2002-133041 [JP 2002133041 A]

PUBLISHED: May 10, 2002 (20020510)

INVENTOR(s): ABE HIROBUMI APPLICANT(s): SHINKO KK

APPL. NO.: 2000-325932 [JP 2000325932] FILED: October 25, 2000 (20001025)

INTL CLASS: G06F-017/60 ; B09B-005/00; B65F-005/00

ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a waste material recycling method which makes waste material recyclable and effectively utilizes the waste material by displaying the waste material disposed of by spending processing expenses in the conventional practice as waste material for selling such as for raw material and a product needing repair in an intermediary site on a network such as the Internet and inviting a consumer widely.

SOLUTION: A system for performing a waste material recycling method generally comprises a new construction site/demolition site/plant (waste material supply source) 10 where waste material is generated, a general user/customer (waste material consumer) 20 needing the waste material, a construction company/wrecker/construction organization/ waste material organization (waste material supplier) 30 for supplying generated waste material, a site (waste material intermediary site) 40 on the Internet, which is provided on the network such as the Internet and mediates the waste material, a site operating company (site operator) 50 for operating the site 40 and a price settlement company (price settling means) 60 for settling the waste material traded with the site operating company (site operator) 50 as shown in the diagram 1.

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8/5/5 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016530297 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2004-688863/200467

XRPX Acc No: N04-545729

Online material e.g. gas, consumption monitoring system, has capacity consumption system that determines future processing capacity of each piece of fabrication equipment disposed within wafer fabrication facility

Patent Assignee: TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MFG CO LTD (TASE-N)

Inventor: HUANG A; LIN C

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20040181371 A1 20040916 US 2003387071 A 20030312 200467 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2003387071 A 20030312

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20040181371 A1 14 G06F-011/00

Abstract (Basic): US 20040181371 Al

NOVELTY - The system has a computer (12) with a controlling processor (14) having a build of material display (18). A manufacturing execution system (34) in communication with a material warehouse (24) controls execution of recipes that are used to make an associated product. A capacity consumption system (40) determines future processing capacity of each piece of fabrication equipment disposed within a wafer fabrication facility.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The processor acquires material move data from the material warehouse, and acquires a recipe usage number associated with the pre-defined amount of a representative material from the manufacturing execution system and the capacity consumption system. The processor calculates total material consumption of representative material within the wafer fabrication facility. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a method using an online material consumption monitoring system for monitoring material within a wafer fabrication facility.

USE - Used for monitoring a material e.g. gas, photo resist, or slurry, within a wafer fabrication facility e.g. **chemical** -mechanical-polishing facility.

ADVANTAGE - The capacity consumption system determines future processing capacity of each piece of fabrication equipment, thus adjusting the values associated with standard amount of material consumption and the forecast amount of material consumption, to achieve better control of material consumed within the wafer fabrication facility, if the accuracy for both the standard amount of material consumption and the forecast amount of material consumption is low. Therefore, the material wastage and the costs associated with material waste are reduced.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING - The drawing shows a block diagram overview of an online material consumption management system. Computer (12) Controlling processor (14) Build of material display (18) Material warehouse (24) Manufacturing execution system (34) Capacity consumption system (40) pp; 14 DwgNo 1/9 Title Terms: MATERIAL; GAS; CONSUME; MONITOR; SYSTEM; CAPACITY; CONSUME; SYSTEM; DETERMINE; FUTURE; PROCESS; CAPACITY; PIECE; FABRICATE; EQUIPMENT ; DISPOSABLE ; WAFER; FABRICATE; FACILITY Derwent Class: T01; U11 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-011/00 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/00 File Segment: EPI (Item 3 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 016114992 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2004-272868/200426 XRAM Acc No: C04-106200 XRPX Acc No: N04-215824 Recycling system for waste paper material, regenerates waste material obtained during paper package manufacturing process and utilizes regenerated material as raw material for another package Patent Assignee: DAIMARU SHIKO KK (DAIM-N); RUISU CORP KK (RUIS-N) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date JP 2003334530 A 20031125 JP 2002145170 A 20020520 200426 B Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 2002145170 A 20020520 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 2003334530 A 10 B09B-005/00 Abstract (Basic): JP 2003334530 A NOVELTY - The waste paper material generated during paper package manufacturing process is regenerated and is utilized as the raw material for producing another package based on order from consumers. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for recycling method for waste paper material. USE - For recycling waste paper material. ADVANTAGE - The recycling of the waste paper material avoids disposing of the waste paper material and contributes for environmental conservation. The need for intermediate distribution traders is avoided, enabling to supply recycled article at low cost DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a block diagram of the business-connections in the recycling system for waste paper material. (Drawing includes non-English language text). pp; 10 DwgNo 3/11 Title Terms: RECYCLE; SYSTEM; WASTE; PAPER; MATERIAL; REGENERATE; WASTE; MATERIAL; OBTAIN; PAPER; PACKAGE; MANUFACTURE; PROCESS; UTILISE; REGENERATE; MATERIAL; RAW; MATERIAL; PACKAGE Derwent Class: F09; P43; T01; X25 International Patent Class (Main): B09B-005/00 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/60 File Segment: CPI; EPI; EngPI

8/5/9 (Item 5 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 015794849 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2003-857052/200380 XRAM Acc No: C03-242297 XRPX Acc No: N03-684478 Organic excreta e.g. plastic waste recycle information management system, subtracts credit obtained by selling recycle total discharge recycling cost Patent Assignee: EBARA CORP (EBAR) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Applicat No Patent No Kind Date Kind Date Week JP 2003228615 A 20030815 JP 200226034 20020201 200380 B A Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 200226034 A 20020201 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 2003228615 A 13 G06F-017/60 Abstract (Basic): JP 2003228615 A NOVELTY - An arithmetic unit calculates processing cost of an organic excreta ejected from an organization. An acceptance unit accepts order of chemicals during recycling of an organic excreta, and delivers the extracted chemicals obtained during recycling to respective pharmaceutics corporation. The credit obtained by selling the recycle chemicals is subtracted from total discharge recycling cost . DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An arithmetic unit (120) calculates processing cost of an organic excreta ejected from an organization (20). An acceptance unit (140) accepts order of chemicals during recycling of an organic excreta, and delivers the extracted chemicals obtained during recycling to respective pharmaceutics corporation (30). The credit obtained by selling the recycle subtracted from total discharge recycling cost . An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for organic excrete recycle network. USE - For promoting recycle of organic excreta such as plastic waste , using electronic communication techniques. ADVANTAGE - Enables an ejection organization to procure chemicals from chemical pharmaceutics corporation, therefore rate of recycling organic excreta is improved. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the functional block diagram of organic excreta recycling information management system. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Ejection organization (20) Chemical pharmaceutics corporation (30) Processing acceptance unit (110) Arithmetic unit (120) Calculation unit (130) Acceptance unit (140) pp; 13 DwgNo 6/6 Title Terms: ORGANIC; EXCREMENT; PLASTIC; WASTE; RECYCLE; INFORMATION; MANAGEMENT; SYSTEM; SUBTRACT; CREDIT; OBTAIN; SELL; RECYCLE; CHEMICAL; TOTAL; DISCHARGE; RECYCLE; COST Derwent Class: A35; P43; T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60 International Patent Class (Additional): B09B-003/00; B09B-005/00;

8/5/16 (Item 12 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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014290075 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-110776/200215

File Segment: CPI; EPI; EngPI

C08J-011/12

XRPX Acc No: N02-082762

Waste material exchange system for enterprises, recommends transaction of waste material between waste material utilizer and provider, based on waste material requirement application registered by utilizer

Patent Assignee: SHOWA KOGYO KK (SHOB)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date JP 2001350879 A 20011221 JP 2000168822 A 20000606 200215 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 2000168822 A 20000606

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 2001350879 A 10 G06F-017/60

Abstract (Basic): JP 2001350879 A

NOVELTY - A waste material provider registers waste material provision information in a homepage (4) of a waste -material exchange recommendation unit. A waste material utilizer browses the provision information and registers waste material requirement application. The recommendation unit recommends transaction of waste material between provider and utilizer based on registered application.

USE - For exchanging waste material of one enterprise to other enterprise which reuses waste material.

ADVANTAGE - Promotion of environmental preservation is achieved as amount reduction of waste material is achieved. Processing cost of waste material and purchasing cost of raw material is reduced as waste material is effectively recycled as a raw material .

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a system block diagram of waste material exchange system. (Drawing includes non-English language text).

Homepage (4)

pp; 10 DwgNo 1/11

Title Terms: WASTE; MATERIAL; EXCHANGE; SYSTEM; TRANSACTION; WASTE; MATERIAL; WASTE; MATERIAL; BASED; WASTE; MATERIAL; REQUIRE; APPLY; REGISTER

Derwent Class: P43; T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60 International Patent Class (Additional): B09B-005/00

File Segment: EPI; EngPI

8/5/18 (Item 14 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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009610154

WPI Acc No: 1993-303702/199338 Related WPI Acc No: 1998-193016

XRPX Acc No: N93-233492

Monitoring handling of hazardous substances at facility - promotes compliance with applicable laws governing such substances by providing integrated approach for all management activities

Patent Assignee: ALTERNATIVE SYSTEMS INC (ALTE-N)

Inventor: CONNORS M D; GORDON E J; STURGEON D H; SZIKLAI A T; CONNERS M D

Number of Countries: 020 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Applicat No Kind Kind Date Date Week A1 19930916 WO 93US1976 А WO 9318466 19930301 199338 B US 5664112 19970902 US 92844225 Α Α 19920302 199741

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 92844225 A 19920302

Cited Patents: 3.Jnl.Ref

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC WO 9318466 A1 86 G06F-015/21 Filing Notes

Designated States (National): CA JP KR

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL

Abstract (Basic): WO 9318466 A

The appts. provides management procedures including form generation and compliance with reporting requirements for safe <code>disposal</code> of hazardous substances. The appts. includes six functional groupings and a database scheme (71). The six are a Hazardous Materials Index (11) which maintains a <code>chemical</code> location table for hazardous substances at a facility. Hazardous Materials Management (31) for tracking the movement and use of hazardous substances at the facility.

Human Resource Management (41) for monitoring exposure of each worker to specified hazardous substances. Hazardous Commitment Management (61) for monitoring compliance requirements. Hazardous Waste Management (51) for monitoring selected waste management and Hazardous Permit Management (21) for monitoring approvals, renewals and expirations of regulatory agency permits allowing storage, usage or emission of specified hazardous substances.

ADVANTAGE - One integrated system provides six functional groupings and relational database scheme that integrates any number of these gps. and allows them to share or exchange information on hazardous substances for in-house and regulatory compliance related functions.

s. a Dwg.1/36

Title Terms: MONITOR; HANDLE; HAZARD; SUBSTANCE; FACILITY; PROMOTE; COMPLIANT; APPLY; LAW; GOVERN; SUBSTANCE; INTEGRATE; APPROACH; MANAGEMENT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/21; G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

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S4	18384	NETWORK? OR NET()WORK? OR LAN OR WAN OR SERVER? ? INTRANET?
S5	149	S1 AND S2:S4
S6	2137	RECYCL? OR RECOVER? OR REUSE? OR REUSING OR REUSABLE? OR -
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S13	14	S5 AND ((RAW OR ORGANIC)()(MATERIAL? OR SUBSTANCE?) OR CHE-
~ * *		CAL? ? OR COMPOUND?)
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File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2004/Dec		
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?t s7/5/6,8

7/5/6

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource (c) 2004 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

01150215 DOCUMENT TYPE: Product

PRODUCT NAME: WATER9 (150215)

National Technical Information Service (NTIS) (604305) 5285 Port Royal Rd

Springfield, VA 22161 United States

TELEPHONE: (703) 605-6000

RECORD TYPE: Directory

CONTACT: Sales Department

WATER9, offered by the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), estimates the air emissions of individual waste elements in wastewater collection, storage, treatment, and disposal facilities. The program also features a database that contains organic compound information. WATER9 supports the evaluation of facilities that contain multiple wastewater inlet streams and collection systems. It also can be used to analyze treatment configurations. Emission estimates are based on compounds' properties and on the concentration of compounds in wastes. The system can reference site-specific compound property information. It estimates emissions from industrial and municipal wastewater collection and treatment facilities.

DESCRIPTORS: Environmental Damage; Hazardous Materials; Utility Industries; Waste Management; Water Systems

HARDWARE: IBM PC & Compatibles

OPERATING SYSTEM: Windows; Windows NT/2000; Windows XP

PROGRAM LANGUAGES: Not Available

TYPE OF PRODUCT: Micro

POTENTIAL USERS: Water Collection, Waste Disposal

PRICE: Available upon request

DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE: User manuals

REVISION DATE: 20030609

7/5/8

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource (c) 2004 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

01138436 DOCUMENT TYPE: Product

PRODUCT NAME: Enterprise Reagent Manager (ERM) (138436)

SciQuest Inc (658308)

PO Box 12156

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2156 United States

TELEPHONE: (919) 659-2100

RECORD TYPE: Directory

CONTACT: Sales Department

SciQuest.com's Enterprise Reagent Manager (TM), or ERM, can be tapped in simplifying reagent management processes. A browser-based interface supports real-time access to technical and commercial reagent information. ERM users can access internal and supplier inventory databases. The shopping cart feature lets researchers requisition reagents from suppliers or in-house stockrooms. The product provides storefront access to

Sigma-Aldrich and other reagent suppliers. ERM supports order replenishment and back order tracking processes. The system can locate inventoried reagents by material, vendor, owner, status, or formula. It also includes barcode tracking features. ERM notifies health and safety professionals about reagents arriving at research sites. The system can be employed in tracking waste disposal costs and in forwarding waste pickup requests. ERM improves researcher productivity and simplifies resource allocations processes.

DESCRIPTORS: Barcoding; Client/server; Drug Discovery; Hazardous Materials; Inventory; Laboratories; Medical Research; Order Fulfillment; Pharmaceuticals; Research & Development

HARDWARE: IBM PC & Compatibles

OPERATING SYSTEM: Oracle; Windows NT/2000

PROGRAM LANGUAGES: Not Available

TYPE OF PRODUCT: Micro

POTENTIAL USERS: Drug Discovery, Pharmaceuticals

PRICE: Available upon request

REVISION DATE: 20030228

11/5/5

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource (c) 2004 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00125723 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: XML (837709); IBM CrossWorlds Connectors (006491)

TITLE: A New Approach To Integration

AUTHOR: Radding, Alan

SOURCE: Information Week, v801 p91(5) Aug 28, 2000

ISSN: 8750-6874

HOMEPAGE: http://www.informationweek.com

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

According to Karen Welsh, CTO for WaterDesk (the online exchange for the wastewater industry), WaterDesk wants to extend the supply chain in order to better serve customers in the new economy. Application integration is an important business function for e-commerce. WaterDesk sought out Neon Software to integrate its processes with those of customers. WaterDesk, in order to succeed, has to integrate processes with those of customers, be able to see the inner workings of the supply chain, and see the entire workflow from beginning to end. WaterDesk has to know business processes, logic, and rules, including how each customer processes purchase orders, shipping status, or credit. Business community integration is the goal, which requires linkages at many levels, including data, process, application logic, and business rules. However, IT is only just beginning to adopt such levels of process integration, and a recent survey finds that only 28 percent of over 300 respondents can link data and applications. Only 15 percent reported a total inability to link to data or applications, while others could integrate either data or applications, but not both. Among a few companies that have looked at the difficulties surrounding application integration are Healthcare, which deployed enterprise application integration (EAI) from Software Technologies; Teligent, which chose products from Active Software; idvSports, which uses Mercator and XML; and Source Alliance, which chose software from CrossWorlds Software and webMethods.

COMPANY NAME: Vendor Independent (999999); IBM CrossWorlds (640948)

SPECIAL FEATURE: Charts Tables

DESCRIPTORS: E-Commerce; Integration Software; Middleware; XML

REVISION DATE: 20020228

?t s12/5/1,4

12/5/1

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource (c) 2004 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

01177466 DOCUMENT TYPE: Product

PRODUCT NAME: Lookout (177466)

National Instruments Corp (318191) 11500 N Mopac Expswy Austin, TX 78759-3504 United States TELEPHONE: (512) 794-0100

RECORD TYPE: Directory

CONTACT: Sales Department

National Instruments' Lookout is a Web -based system that simplifies the ${\tt development\ of\ HMI/SCADA\ applications.} \cdot {\tt The\ product\ supports\ the\ collection}$ of real-time information, streamlining decision-making. It employs TCP/IP networking technology in providing users with browser-based remote input-output (I/O) display and control features. The system also includes data access control features. Lookout can be used to control and monitor chemical, petrochemical, gas pipeline, wastewater plant, paper mill, food processing plant, and other industrial applications. It includes OPC client and server features. It also allows users to link to Microsoft (R) Visual Basic (R), Java, Borland Delphi, C, and other programming environments. Tapping the system, users can modify applications without interrupting device communications. Lookout can connect a manufacturing execution system (MES) with enterprise resource planning (ERP) applications. It retrieves real-time or historical data. The system can poll over 50,000 I/O points. It includes X-Y motion, resizing, dynamic coloring, bitmap import, and other visualization features. The system also provides distributed logging and event notification features.

DESCRIPTORS: CAE; Front Ends; Industrial Automation; Industrial Engineering; Intelligent Controllers; Manufacturing; Production Control; Real Time Data Acquisition; User Interfaces

HARDWARE: Hardware Independent; IBM PC & Compatibles OPERATING SYSTEM: Open Systems; Windows; Windows NT/2000; Windows XP PROGRAM LANGUAGES: ActiveX; C; C++; Delphi; Java; Visual Basic TYPE OF PRODUCT: Mainframe; Mini; Micro; Workstation

POTENTIAL USERS: Manufacturing PRICE: Available upon request

REVISION DATE: 20031121

12/5/4

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource (c) 2004 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00126312 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: Company--Verticalnet Inc (871834)

TITLE: VerticalNet Is Building B-to-B Communities With Functionality

AUTHOR: Staff

SOURCE: Upside, v124 p46(3) Aug 2000

ISSN: 1052-0341

HOMEPAGE: http://www.upside.com

RECORD TYPE: Review REVIEW TYPE: Company

VerticalNet, which started out in 1995 as an online community for the wastewater treatment community, evolved into a more advanced site that could obtain advertising revenues and sales leads. Based on the success of its business model, the founders, Mike McNulty and Mike Hagan, started building storefronts for manufacturers and created what current CEO Mark Walsh calls 'A better, more functional, more actionable, real-time bingo card.' VerticalNet then obtained \$1 million in venture capital and turned loose the PollutionOnline.com and SolidWaste.com sites, and a few other verticals that also target the environmental sector. Another round of VC funding allowed VerticalNet to open its Chemical Online and Food Online vertical sites and to continue its strategy of building trade magazine-type Web sites with a uniform metaphor. Today VerticalNet has 56 industry-specific, online , business-to-business (B2B) communities grouped into 143 industry sectors; 10 were acquired , and all the communities emphasize community over content because 'only through community will commerce occur.' The communities do not raise the blood pressure of investors, but overall, VerticalNet is gaining a reputation as an aggressive buyer of companies that is expanding quickly and (since 40 percent of VerticalNet's traffic is outside the U.S.) and as a global presence.

COMPANY NAME: Verticalnet Inc (669296)

DESCRIPTORS: B2B Marketplaces; E-Commerce; Utility Industries; Waste

Management

REVISION DATE: 20020730

?t s14/5/6

14/5/6

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource (c) 2004 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

01213991

DOCUMENT TYPE: Product

PRODUCT NAME: EnviroPro Designer (213991)

INTELLIGEN (754242) 2326 Morse Ave Scotch Plains, NJ 07076 United States TELEPHONE: (908) 654-0088

RECORD TYPE: Directory

CONTACT: Sales Department

INTELLIGEN's EnviroPro Designer (R) is an environmental process simulator that allows users to develop, evaluate, and optimize technologies. The system includes models for over 70 operations. It provides users with equipment sizing and costing, VOC emission calculation, chemical component fate prediction, and waste stream characterization features. EnviroPro Designer includes a chemical component and mixture database, as well as equipment and resource databases. A straightforward interface streamlines modeling. The system can export PDFs in DXF and WMF formats. It integrates with word processing, spreadsheet, and graphic design applications. EnviroPro Designer also includes online help features. The system offers users reaction, pressure change, drying, phase separation, and other unit procedure models. An evaluation version of the product can be downloaded from the INTELLIGEN Web site.

DESCRIPTORS: CAE; Chemistry; Environmental Damage; Industrial Engineering; Manufacturing; Process Control; Simulation; Waste Management

HARDWARE: IBM PC & Compatibles

OPERATING SYSTEM: Windows; Windows NT/2000; Windows XP

PROGRAM LANGUAGES: Not Available

TYPE OF PRODUCT: Micro

POTENTIAL USERS: Environmental Process Simulation, Manufacturing

PRICE: Available upon request

REVISION DATE: 20040524

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File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Jan 31
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9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Jan 28

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File

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             OR ACQUISITION? OR TRANSACT?
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S15
           24
                S11 AND S1(5N) EXCHANG?
S16
          13
                RD (unique items)
S17
          12
                S16 NOT S14
S18
           10
                S17 NOT PY>2000
?show files
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 621:Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
     16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Feb 01
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 160: Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2005/Jan 31
         (c)2005 The Gale Group
File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2004/Sep
         (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co
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14/9/9 (Item 8 from file: 621)

DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R)

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01389806 Supplier Number: 46441463 (THIS IS THE FULLTEXT) TSD Central providing free Internet service to generators.

Business Wire, p06041200

June 4, 1996

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 263

TEXT:

GOLDEN, Colo. -- (BUSINESS WIRE) -- June 4, 1996-- In a major promotion designed to kickstart its introduction, TSD Central, the developers of a centralized collection of industrial waste service business sites on the Internet, announced the availability of its service on a no-cost basis to hazardous waste generators.

Making the announcement was Eliot Cooper, president of TSDX Corp. "TSD Central continues to prove itself successful with owners of industrial waste disposal sites and services, " said Cooper. "With over 200,000 generators, we're offering this valuable service at no charge to provide the impetus to get the word around," he added, noting the company is basically using the same model that has made other online services, such as America Online and Netscape, successful.

Perma-Fix Environmental Services Inc., an operator of five industrial waste treatment facilities, is one of many companies using the Internet service provided by TSD Central to market companies seeking industrialwaste management services. "With the new market reach service provided by TSD Central we are able to deliver competitive quotations and information to industrial waste generators in a faster and more cost-effective mode than traditional methods," said Lou Centafonti, president of Perma-Fix.

TSD Central is a collective marketing and promotion firm providing a highly interactive marketplace where buyers and sellers of industrial waste services communicate and transact business . It handles all of the technical and financial complexities of maintaining the high speed reliability users seek on the Internet .

TSD Central can be located on the Internet's World Wide Web at http://www.tsdcentral.com.

CONTACT: TSDX, Golden

Eliot Cooper or Mark NiCastro, 303/202-6620

COPYRIGHT 1999 Gale Group COPYRIGHT 1996 Business Wire PUBLISHER NAME: Business Wire COMPANY NAMES: *TSD Central

EVENT NAMES: *240 (Marketing procedures) GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: *1USA (United States)

PRODUCT NAMES: *4953010 (Industrial Solid Waste)
INDUSTRY NAMES: BUS (Business, General); BUSN (Any type of business)

NAICS CODES: 562111 (Solid Waste Collection)

14/9/24 (Item 1 from file: 16) DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

07821201 Supplier Number: 65305428 (THIS IS THE FULLTEXT)

Waste Web.

Fickes, Michael

Waste Age, v31, n8, pSS6

August, 2000 ISSN: 0043-1001

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 4722

TEXT:

A host of online services have sprung up to serve the needs of garbage haulers and recyclers.

The trash mice are here. At WasteExpo 2000, a host of online businesses announced their presence in the solid waste industry offering waste haulers, disposers, recyclers and waste generators a variety of business-to-business (B2B) services. B2B is an e-business term for on-line companies that serve businesses -- not consumers -- in one way or another.

For example, a hauler can log onto a number of online B2B services and search for commercial customers, municipal contracts, used and new equipment, and even headlines of key developments in the waste industry Waste generators can log onto the same sites and post their needs, simply or in a formal request for proposals (REP). And recyclers and landfill operators can search services with areas devoted to equipment such as compactors.

While the services these new dot-coin companies vary many are developing software that solid waste organizations can use to improve management techniques. One company, for instance, plans to offer route optimization tools that can be used online. That means instead of buying and using expensive software, you simply subscribe to a service and use the software application that is up, running and waiting for you.

Of course, to get information, you have to give information. Recognizing users will want to ensure the confidentiality of their reporting, B2B providers are spending significant amounts of time to guarantee customer security However, that doesn't mean all online B2B services are foolproof. You should investigate all claims carefully, researching security issues beyond what any particular provider tells you.

Despite the benefits online B2B services can provide, taking advantage of the services will require that you spend time clicking around from site to site so that you understand how each applies to your operations. You will have to force yourself to think in new and different ways about what you do and how these online services might contribute. You also will have to be patient -- many sites have yet to implement all of their ideas, so they may have glitches.

But ultimately, if you watch for progress, you will discover opportunities. The new online companies are designed to increase your revenues with new sources of business, as well as to help reduce operating costs with more efficient supply and management techniques.

Here's a look at what 10 companies have to offer in the solid waste management B2B online arena.

Analine.com

Boston

www.analine.com ne.com

Analine.com operates a reverse auction for haulers and waste generators, and provides a number of application service provider (ASP) (See "Defining Web Words" on page SS11) tools to help its users conduct business.

John McQuillan, president and CEO of Analinecom, describes the company as a commerce tool for the waste industry, the hazardous waste industry, the consulting engineering industry and environmental industries as a whole.

"According to the U.S. Department of Commerce, the environmental industry is a \$200 billion market splintered into a number of spaces," McQuillan says. "The largest of these operate in the solid waste industry We've built out products for the solid waste industry and a number of other categories.

"Our primary focus right now is on the very large purchasers of environmental products, services and technologies," he continues. "Our exchange is just the first of a number of planned applications or Internet-based tools that will help make a buyer's life easier. In short, this is an operating system that includes all the time and money saving applications that a buyer and a seller will ever need. It includes tools for enterprise resource planning (ERP) and customer relationship management (CRM) all together in one area.

The Analine.com exchange model offers a reverse auction service that, according to McQuillan, takes advantage of the Internet's ability to "put power into the hands of buyers and enables them to apply the strengths of free market economics to individual transactions."

In a reverse auction, a buyer posts a RFP, and sellers post bids

designed to meet the REP's requirements. Unlike a regular auction, bidders are suppliers, not buyers. In contrast to a regular auction, prices ordinarily fall during bidding instead of rising. At the end, lower bids are more likely to come out on top.

Analine.com's auction area offers two kinds of reverse auctions for buyers, who can choose the one most suited to their needs. First, buyers can request value bids in which price represents only one selection criteria. The buyer sees all of the bids posted in response to the RFP, as well as basic company information included by the seller in the proposal. Second, buyers can request a low-bid auction in which price is the only consideration. Buyers will see only the lowest bid and have no opportunity to select a higher bid.

Bidders can view the amounts bid by other sellers and may lower, but not raise, their bids until the auction closes. Sellers submitting bids must accept an agreement that underscores the legal impact of the offer. Buyers selecting a response to their RFPs enter into a binding agreement to pay the bid amount.

Analine.com generates revenues by charging fees to bidders on contracts worth more than \$1,000. Additionally, Analine.com charges one-half of one percent (0.05 percent) of the total amount of the winning bid. Charges are billed to credit cards.

EWaste

Atlanta

Due on-line this summer, eWaste plans a three-phase introduction of its services to the waste management industry, according to company president Vince Bankoski.

www.ewaste.com

Phase I will introduce a portal concept aimed at creating a community of users. "We're currently working with content partners to provide news and information important to waste management professionals," Bankoski says. "Our partners in this effort include magazine publishers, research services, government agencies and people with information resources in the real world."

Plans call for the portal to generate revenues through sales of banner advertising and marked-up fees charged by information providers.

"The goal of the portal is to build our brand name," Bankoski says.

Then, Phase II will launch in the fall of 2000. This phase will introduce an auction model designed to facilitate transactions between waste generators and service-providers. Fees have not been established, but Bankoski notes that auction services generally charge fees ranging from 1 percent to 10 percent of the transaction's value.

Bankoski holds high expectations for the auction software eWaste is creating. "It's a killer application," he says. "It's a dynamic auction instead of a static one. The price moves in an automated fashion, and the buyer and seller are empowered to close at any time. In other words, you no longer have to be the low bidder. In a conventional auction, you submit your bid and cross your fingers. In a dynamic auction, the prices change in front of your eyes, and when two parties are satisfied, they close. This is a new idea."

Bankoski expects the model to attract copycats but is banking on the brand-building efforts of Phase I to position eWaste as the identifiable service.

Phase III, scheduled to arrive on the eWaste site early in 2001, will provide what Bankoski calls back-end integration. "In this area of our service, partners called application service-providers will supply tools to help our users manage their businesses online," he says. "What this means is that you may not have to hire an Internet guru. You can come here for the tools you will need to manage relationships with customers and suppliers. You won't have to buy 50 software packages, integrate them into your business and train your employees. You simply subscribe to a service that understands your business. You can customize these tools to fit your look and needs. This makes everything more affordable and easier," he claims.

Fibermarket.com

Atlanta

Fibermarket.com has created a market-maker exchange on the Internet to facilitate business relationships between buyers, sellers, brokers, dealers and intermediaries interested in fiber products.

www.fibermarket.com

"We think of our model as a fiber management marketplace," says Jeff Abbott, vice president, corporate strategy for the company. "In essence, we provide the digital tools to simplify the buying and selling of recycled fiber materials for paper mills, forest product companies, recovered fiber producers and aggregators."

Sellers include large national and small local recycling collectors, and plant operators. Buyers range from fully integrated paper companies to small independent mills.

Interested businesses may log onto the site at no charge. Users, however, must complete a profile that qualifies them as a buyer, seller or intermediary. Based on the profile, the site provides different functionalities, with screens and tools tailored to business needs.

Fibermarket.com generates revenues from fees related to transactions between buyers and sellers, as well as through value-added services, which are being added to the site and will carry what Abbott describes as a nominal fee based on the value it contributes to the transaction. For example, value-added services include transportation of the purchased materials.

Another value-added service covers transaction financing. The company plans to offer a settlement feature that will enable qualified buyers and sellers to transfer funds electronically.

More advanced services planned for the site include developing an Oracle Corp. global exchange platform. "This is an important development for us," Abbott says. "It will let us leverage Oracle's supply chain collaboration technology to enable a buyer or seller to connect their suppliers and vendors to the marketplace. For example, if I were managing a paper company and wanted to line up my manufacturing runs for the next month, I would have to evaluate the raw material inventory on one side, while simultaneously looking downstream at demand from my sales channels. With this information, I could project my production runs.

"In a traditional environment this would involve a lot of manual work. But in a collaborative online supply-chain environment with suppliers, vendors, channel partners and customers all connected, it becomes more efficient," he says.

Fibermarket.com went on-line in October 1999 financed by venture capital from investors such as Neocarta, Charthouse Group and J.P. Morgan. The company recently engaged Oracle Corp. as a technology partner and significant investor.

PaperExchange.com Boston/London

www.paperexchange.com

PaperExchange.com offers solid waste haulers and recyclers an online market, or exchange, for a variety of recycled paper products. The company deals with all product segments of the paper industry: container board and packaging, newsprint, printing and writing paper, publishing, pulp, towel and tissue, and recovered paper.

Sellers as well as buyers may log onto the site free of charge. Sellers may post their paper offerings, and buyers may search the site by product, grade or another specific feature that they're looking for. PaperExchange provides the conduit for buyers and sellers to negotiate their own deals, and PaperExchange takes a 3 percent commission on the total national value of completed sales, The seller pays the commission.

A recent upgrade to the site offers a service called Target RFQ or Request For Quote. With this new function, buyers can submit an REQ to the service, which then will distribute it to preferred suppliers. Sellers may choose to bid on the entire RFQ or on separate items.

Additional services include credit approval, payment processing, and logistics for both buyers and sellers.

"We provide solid waste sellers the ability to play on a bigger field," says Kevin Preblud, executive director, recovered paper for PaperExchange. "We qualify buyers with a line of credit and we clear the transactions. That means the seller sells to PaperExchange and need not conduct a credit check."

How does the product move from seller to buyer? "Logistics is another component of what we offer," Preblud adds. "Suppose a seller offers product Freight On Board (FOB) delivered. In that case, the seller pays the freight charges. A seller might offer FOB origin, which means the buyer

must pick it up at the sellers door and handle the shipping."

In either case, PaperExchange will arrange for shipping if the buyer or seller requests it.

As an incentive for buyers and sellers to visit the site, PaperExchange also offer content including job listings, schedules of industry events, news headlines and a resource directory.

A number of the company's key executives have several years of experience in the paper industry. For example, President and CEO Kent Dolby comes from Andersen Consulting, where he served as global managing partner of the company's global natural resources practice, which included forest products.

PaperExchange went online two years ago in 1998. Investors include The Kraft Group, Internet Capital Group, Madison Dearborn Partners, MSD Capital L.P, Staples, International Paper, Asia Pulp & Paper, Terrapin Partners LLC, David Wetherell and Roger Stone.

The company recently filed its intention to make an initial public offering and go public.

RecycleNet Corp.

Guelph, Ontario, Canada

www.recycle.net

Founded in 1995, much earlier than most emerging waste dotcoms, RecycleNet Corp. operates an information and trading exchange for buyers and sellers of all kinds of recycled materials. "We operate a free and open trading exchange," say's John Robb, sales manager for RecycleNet. "We put buyers and sellers together, but we do not stand in the middle of the transaction. A selling company might post a listing to sell so many pounds of scrap plastic on our site. The offer might be for a one-time deal or an ongoing series of transactions. A buyer using our site will see the listing and contact the company. The two parties negotiate the transaction between themselves."

Because RecycleNet does not get involved in the transaction, the site differs significantly from auction, brokerage or other sites that act as intermediaries.

The company generates revenues by selling advertising, value-added services and tools designed to make the system work more efficiently.

Robb declines to describe the value-added services or software tools in detail, saying only that the chief value-added service is a lead referral system. Software tools enable users to enhance their offerings with photographs, he says.

The key to the site, according to Robb, is the idea of creating a marketplace on the web for recyclers.

"Where do recyclers go?" he asks. "A recycling center negotiates a transaction with a seller, but how does the seller know what the prices are? Prices for recycling materials bounce around because the system is transaction-based. As a free trading system, we provide an overview of the marketplace. That's the benefit we offer."

Robb also emphasizes the need for easy use. "I see a lot of new websites with cool technology," he says. "But our users may not be able to use those sites. In many instances, there is a gap between the business concept and the technology To be successful, you have to close that gap, making sure that what you are doing is about the business and not the technology. Recyclers, after all, don't love technology. They want to move cardboard."

WasteBid.com Inc. Fairfax, Va. www.wastebid.com

WasteBid.com comes to the Internet market as the brainchild of Gershman, Brickner and Bratton Inc., a Fairfax, Va.-based solid waste management firm. The business -to-business company aims to become an intermediary between buyers and sellers of solid waste services and new and used equipment. Site users include traditional waste hauling companies, recycling plants, disposal operations, equipment sellers and waste generators.

"Our site will stress recycling and will devote areas to recycled-content materials," says Robert Brickner, chief marketing officer for the company. "Most of us got into the business in the 1970s based on personal commitments to waste reduction and recycling. From that point of view, we want to give equal time to recycling."

When joining service-providers and waste generators together, Brickner emphasizes that his site does not function as a reverse auction or

a's a waste broker.

"Our site aims to mirror the way the industry works," he says. "Service-providers register with us to offer their services. Waste generators sign up by filling in forms describing their service requirements. Then, WasteBid.com solicits bids from the registered service-providers. Whoever makes the lowest responsive bid gets the contract.

Brickner notes that the general advantages of making deals online include speed for both buyer and seller, and the elimination of sales calls for the buyer.

WasteBid.com earns money on commissions when transactions are completed on the site. Who pays the fees depends on the transaction, according to Brickner.

While Gershman, Brickner and Bratton Inc. formed WasteBid.com, Brickner says that the relationship between the two companies formally remains at arms length.

wasteclick.com
Orange, Calif.

Wasteclick.com is a vertical industry portal, or vortal, designed to provide information, products and services to the waste management industry.

www.wasteclick.com

The site, which began in spring 2000 as an extension of Trans-Comp Systems Inc., offers waste industry news, research, discussions, newsletters, online tools, searchable job listings, career aids, a number of other informational sources and electronic commerce services.

Discussion forums and e-mail will allow members to ask for information and choose products and services from the site's electronic commerce offerings, according to the company.

Wasteclick.com also hosts a number of electronic commerce businesses. Sellers operating storefronts on the site offer products such as containers, vehicles, equipment, components and supplies.

Buyers or shoppers can compare specifications and prices, place orders, make payments or establish credit, and then arrange to have the product drop-shipped.

Additionally, the site conducts auctions and reverse auctions for used and surplus equipment, commodities and recyclables.

Membership and use of the information on the site is free. The company generates revenue by charging fees to create storefronts and Internet marketing strategies for waste industry businesses.

"We're a consultant," says Patrick Sweeney, the company's general manager. "We'll show companies how to use the tools at our site to implement an Internet strategy. If you manufacture compactors, for example, you may want to market that product on the net. You can pay to do this internally or you can contract with us to create a storefront on our site."

According to wasteclick.com literature, the company also plans to offer operations management solutions to waste management organizations. With this set of tools, companies reportedly can handle tasks such as accounting, route optimization and scale-house management online, without purchasing and maintaining those software systems in-house.

TransComp Systems Inc. is a software developer and provider of professional services specializing in financial and operations management applications for the waste and recycling industries.

wastedepot.com

Columbus, Ohio

Wastedepot.com went online in April of this year as a business-to-business exchange. Founded by the Columbus, Ohio,-based The Ecology Group, wastedepot.com offers a reverse auction format focused on matching local haulers with local commercial waste generators.

www.wastedepot.com

Wastedepot.com buyers and sellers may be part of large national companies or small independent haulers or businesses. Nevertheless, the company has developed its electronic commerce model around the oft-repeated observation that the garbage business, like politics, is local.

"We're nuts and bolts guys," says Nick Nicholson, president and CEO. "We help the pizza joint with a dumpster and the grocery store with a roll-off find a company to haul their trash. Of course, the pizza restaurant might be part of a national chain, and the hauler might be a local division of a national company

Nicholson believes Wastedepot.com's results during its first quarter of operation point to the appeal of the company's business model.

"I would estimate that our service facilitated about 500 deals so far," he says. "Right now, we have about 53,000 locations that will go up for bid over the second half of 2000. These are buyers that have registered for our auction."

If Wastedepot.com continues to attract buyers at its current rate, Nicholson speculates that the company will eventually bid out 20,000 locations per month, worldwide.

To those who think that sounds wildly optimistic, Nicholson notes that it is only 10 percent of the worldwide market.

Wastedepot.com generates revenues by charging haulers a commission for contracts won in the bidding process. Haulers also pay a monthly fee of \$39.95.

"After discussing our service with a small, local hauler, that company decided to postpone hiring a sales person," Nicholson says. "Using our service, they won \$18,000 of business in 18 minutes online and decided that our commissions were cheaper than a salesperson."

Another intended benefit of the localized Waste depot.com strategy is that it aims to attract large waste generators with numerous locations.

"Suppose a very large client with many locations across the United States and Canada came to us," Nicholson says. "Our software offers a way to put up their bid locations in a batch, all at once. They transmit the data to us, and we put it up on the service. The same principle works for a small restaurant chain with five or six locations."

However, the chief benefit of the concept, as with all Internet services, appears to be speed.

"We're facilitating business transactions that might take a month to complete over the telephone and through the mail," Nicholson says. "With our service, it normally takes a week."

Looking forward, Wastedepot.com's top management plans to develop its site by adding an exhange for waste haulers offering both new and used equipment in the third quarter of this year.

· Farther down the line, the company plans of other services from facilitating bill paying to cost management.

The Ecology Group is a management company. (See a related story on The Ecology Group, "Consolidations of Another Kind," beginning on page 54 in this issue.)

WoodFuel.com

Houston

www.woodfuel.com

WoodFuel.com buys and sells wood fuel online. The company also forms alliances with equipment, transportation and financing companies to enhance its services to buyers and sellers.

"We are not an exchange that simply puts buyers and sellers in contact with each other," says Scott Mactier, a partner with WoodFuel.com. We actually purchase the woodfuel material and resell that material to our customer base."

In time, Mactier expects "to be the largest gatherer of woodfuel material in the world." He adds: Providing a centralized source of information also will be an important tant aspect that our site provides to the industry."

Currently, the company targets woodfuel suppliers such as grinding operators, mills, municipalities, wood waste generators, public utilities, power line trimmers, landscapers, pallet distributors and solid waste collectors.

"For example, we have a contract with Novus Wood Group in Houston, one of the largest gatherers of wood material in Texas," Mactier says. "The company gathers about 500,000 tons per year, and the contract commits a large portion of the product to us."

Buyers include energy and utility companies, paper mills and saw mills. Donohue Industries Inc., Sheldon, Texas, for example, operates a newsprint and market pulp plant that has contracted to purchase approximately 250 tons of woodfuel per day from Wood Fuel.com. Donohue uses the wood as an alternative to natural gas to fire its boilers.

Mactier believes that the Wood Fuel.com premise will work by consolidating sellers.

"Buyers are usually large companies with large bulk needs. Suppliers

are many and fragmented," he says. "What makes our idea work is consolidating a source of supply for buyers. We also help to enhance the quality of the product. For example, we will meet with suppliers, analyze their operation and provide advice about how to enhance their procedures to raise the quality and value of their product."

The site also offers links to equipment manufacturers that may be important to suppliers.

As of mid-June, the WoodFuel.com website offered little in the way of information resources, but Mactier says he plans to begin centralizing a database of articles about the industry for future access.

Online since April 2000, Wood Fuel.com received its initial capital from eight private investors who have taken an active role in the business.

Www.aste.com, Inc.

Miami

www.wwwaste.com

Wwwaste.com Inc. came online in February of this year. Developed by several executives of the Miami, Fla.-based Star Service Group and Delta Recycling, a solid waste company and a recycling company, this web-site is betting that its take on the world of electronic commerce will appeal to other solid waste haulers and recyclers.

Despite these key relationships, Wwwaste.com stands on its own as a separate company not related to Star or Delta, according to Jack Casagrande, the company's founder and vice president of the recently introduced service.

In its first few months, the wwwaste.com site primarily served as a source of information about the waste industry. It provided news, feature articles, live stock market quotes for waste companies, a chat room and bulletin boards for job listings and equipment sales.

"Another area we're currently developing will post full listings of bid opportunities as they arise for municipal, state and federal contracts," Casagrande says of the website's progress. "Our goal is for a hauler to key in a service area, say two or three county names, and be able to review bidding opportunities and get all the information necessary to develop an RFP."

Plans also call for providing hauler listings that waste generators can search.

Casagrande describes the overall business concept as a directory or information site. Revenues will come in the form of advertising or user fees yet to be firmly established. For example, "a local hauler might pay \$100 per year to be a member," Casagrande says.

"The membership fee entitles the hauler to full access to the site and an advertisement. But anyone can come to the site and purchase services. It will cost about \$10 to post a contract listing and \$10 to view a listing," he adds.

As of the time of publication, access to the site remained free for both buyers and sellers, because Wwwaste was focused on building an identity for the service.

Michael Fickes is Waste Age's business editor

Defining Web Words

ASP: An application service provider or ASP pools together a number of electronic tools to create an operational platform for interested users. Amercia Online, for example, is an ASP that provides a variety of tools, from Internet browsers to financial market tracking, for its members.

Auction: A transaction process in which sellers solicit bids from buyers, with a product or service going to the highest bidder. See Reverse Auction.

B2B: An online operation providing services that link two or more businesses.

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathsf{B2C}}\xspace}$ An online concept in which a business sells products and services to consumers.

Exchange: An online service that creates a forum for exchanging information, products and services for which fees may or may not be charged. There are two primary categories of exchanges: information and market. An information exchange facilitates the free exchange of information among users and generates income from the sale of services to companies with storefronts or advertising on the site. A marketmaker exchange provides an electronic forum for doing business. A key element of a market-maker is that the exchange never takes title to a product. The

exchange occurs solely between the buyer and seller, with the market-maker possibly earning a commission.

Intermediary: A company that brings buyers and sellers together, charging fees to both sides. The concept distinguishes an intermediary from a broker, whose fee structure may imply loyalty to one or another party to a transaction. Depending on the fee structure, an intermediary and market-maker may perform similar services.

Portal: An Internet site providing news, research, statistical summaries, discussions, newsletters, online tools, online stores and a variety of other information and media for exchanging information for visitors. A portal may offer its services free to users and generate income from advertising and commissions charged to companies set up to offer products or services to customers for fees.

Reverse Auction: In a reverse auction, a buyer posts a request for proposals (RFP) for products or services, and sellers post bids to indicate what they would charge to provide those products or services. In a reverse auction, the bidders are the suppliers of the products or services, not the buyers. Another difference between a reverse and regular auction is that prices generally fall, instead of rise, as the auction proceeds. Therefore, lower bids are more likely to win in a reverse auction.

Vortal: A vertical-industry portal that provides information and resources over the Internet for a specific industry.

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PUBLISHER NAME: Intertec Publishing Corporation, A PRIMEDIA Co. INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); ENV (Environment)

18/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
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01514760 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12166862 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Online directory: Cincinnati Bell Directory intros online service to help
businesses reduce waste & meet environmental mandates. (Team-W - The
Electronic Answer for Managing Waste data base) (Product Announcement)
EDGE, on & about AT&T, v7, n198, p6(1)

May 11, 1992

DOCUMENT TYPE: Product Announcement LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 502 LINE COUNT: 00042

... called TEAM-W: The Electronic Answer for Managing Waste, is an electronic marketplace for the **exchange** of re-usable and recyclable **waste** materials that would typically end up in landfills. CBD debuted TEAM-W at the Environmental...

...newsletters, federal, state and local contacts
o MATERIAL RE-USE OPPORTUNITIES how to buy or sell materials using
TEAM-W; regional waste exchanges; regional recycled materials price
sheet; list of materials available and wanted
o RECYCLING & COMPOSTING GUIDELINES why and...

18/3,K/4 (Item 2 from file: 636)
DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)
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03304219 Supplier Number: 46785421 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) FIRST WASTE EXCHANGE ON THE INTERNET.
Europe Environment, n485, pN/A
Oct 8, 1996

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 82

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

FIRST WASTE EXCHANGE ON THE INTERNET.

TEXT:

...telecommunications group Siemens issued a statement on October 2 announcing the launch of the first waste exchange on the Internet on October 7. Devised by Siemens subsidiary WARIS (Waste And Recycling Information Services), and the environmental protection advisors GWU, the service is designed to "forge contacts between producers and purchasers of waste and residues". In addition to a waste and chemicals exchange, the service will also provide information on prices, trends and the legislation of waste markets.

18/3,K/6 (Item 2 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
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02813764 Supplier Number: 43780852 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) CEC tries new role as manager of waste trades

Crain's Cleveland Business, p20

April 19, 1993

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Tabloid; Trade Word Count: 443

... It was fortuitous that we bumped into a service like this.'

Mr. Puskar said the **network** has identified a potential **buyer** for Wiley's **wastes**, but an arrangement hasn't been completed yet.

There are around 20 similar services throughout the country, one of which, Syracuse, N.Y.-based Northeast Industrial **Waste Exchange** Inc., operates in the Cleveland area. But no others are based here, Mr. Puskar said...

...costs would make it difficult to make transactions.'

Carrie Mauhs-Pugh, president of Northeast Industrial Waste Exchange, a non-profit waste exchange that operates in the entire northeast quadrant of the country, said WasteNet's territory may be too small to work well.

'We heard about a waste exchange someone tried to start in Maryland, but it didn't work because it covered too...

18/3,K/7 (Item 1 from file: 160)
DIALOG(R)File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 1999 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02060384

Computers help wastes pros communicate and research Management of World Wastes November, 1988 p. 36-38 ISSN: 0161-035X

Waste managers are using personal computers to access waste -related information from a variety of databases, according to M Michaels, president, People Technologies. PCs linked to information services via modems are used by waste managers to research products, find landfills and sell recycled waste, among other tasks. One information service available to waste managers is RecycleNet, developed for the Assn of New Jersey Recyclers by F McCamic. RecycleNet offers bulletin board and electronic mail services that let members of the waste management industry communicate, trade information, and share solutions for waste management problems. The Natl Waste Exchange Database is another online service for exchanging information. This service, offered by the Northeast Industrial Waste Exchange, lets users obtain buying and selling information on acids, solvents, inorganic chemicals, textiles, wood and metals. One valuable database for researchers is the DIALOG information service, which...

18/3,K/8 (Item 1 from file: 148)
DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

11763415 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 57472191 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
On-line recycling: waste /material exchange in the Electronic
Information Age.

Dioun, Mina M.

Texas Business Review, 1(2)

April, 1998

ISSN: 0040-4209 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract WORD COUNT: 1011 LINE COUNT: 00089

On-line recycling: waste /material exchange in the Electronic Information Age.

...ABSTRACT: and managing waste products has prompted business owners and manufacturers to consider the use of **Waste** /Material **Exchanges** (WEX) services. WEXes are actually partnerships forged between business enterprises and public entities that aim...

TEXT:

...disposal costs, and reduction of landfill space has prompted many manufacturers and businesses to consider recycling or selling their wastes and to use recycled materials in their processes or activities. A major concern is finding buyers and sellers for...

Enter Waste /Material Exchanges . Clearinghouses of information about "needed" and "available" materials, WEXes are partnerships between

business and government...

...board system, and 35 percent incorporate a variety of other methods. Since 1988, the Resource Exchange Network for Eliminating Waste (RENEW) of Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission (TNRCC) has performed waste exchange activities and promoted recycling and reuse. The quarterly RENEW catalog, distributed to 5,800 subscribers...

...their offerings on the Web within minutes. With more funding, WEXes can better publicize their waste exchange services and extend their outreach activities. Expanded and more efficient WEXes will, in turn, encourage...

...reuse, thereby benefitting the economy and the environment. References

Mina M. Dioun and Julia Apodaca, " Waste Exchanges : Marketplace for the Cotton Industry's Recyclable Materials," Proceedings of the 1998 Beltwide Cotton Conference...

... Symposium on Electronics and the Environment.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Review of Industrial Waste Exchanges , 1994.

18/3,K/9 (Item 2 from file: 148) DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

07488008 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 15635279 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) One person's waste . (managing waste through a waste program) (Environmentally Speaking) (Column) Bailey, Jane

Industrial Paint & Powder, v70, n7, p60(1)

July, 1994

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT DOCUMENT TYPE: Column

WORD COUNT: 495 LINE COUNT: 00040

One person's waste . (managing waste through a waste exchange program) (Environmentally Speaking) (Column) waste.

Operating under the philosophy that "one person's waste is another person's treasure," waste exchange organizations are gaining in popularity across the country. These groups are helping industry find alternative uses for waste materials.

The waste exchanges act as information clearing-houses, directories, and marketing facilitators for industry's reusable materials. They promote the exchange of waste by-products, surplus, off-spec, overstock, or damaged materials that no longer meet manufacturing needs.

Hazardous and nonhazardous, as well as unwanted materials, are included in the waste exchange inventories. Solvents, strippers, paints, and primers are just a few of the materials available. Sometimes...

...treatment or disposal expense. There is no charge for these services." She explains that other waste exchange groups operate similarly. Listings are also marketed through the National Materials Exchange Network, an on...

...profit exchanges charge for some services.

Companies that generate wastes should consider participating in a waste exchange program. Obviously, not all wastes can be reused. But if wastes are marketable, waste generators can greatly benefit in several . . .

...storage costs, reduced disposal fees, reduced liability and transportation costs, reduced reporting and manifesting, and raw material acquisition at lower prices. Participation also helps the environment by saving on landfill space. Participating companies...

18/3,K/10 (Item 3 from file: 148)
DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04887594 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 09215538 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) EPA's database emphasizes recycling. (Environmental Services) (CPI Data & Trends)

CPI Purchasing, v8, n12, p89(1)

Nov, 1990

ISSN: 0746-9012 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 732 LINE COUNT: 00059

As **buyers** seek ways to reduce **waste disposal** costs, the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) proposed nationwide **waste exchange** database is one alternative worth investigating.

"The waste exchange can be an environmentally sound recycling technique," says Myles Morse, director of the EPA's...

... How it works

?

In the U.S. and Canada there are about 20 non-profit waste exchange businesses in operation. Two years ago, members of these companies approached the EPA about how...

...we were implementing our pollution prevention initiative, and as part of that initiative we supported waste exchange," says Morse.

To be known as the Network of North American Waste Exchange Listings, companies would have to go through waste exchange firms to list a material. Materials are to be listed by availability, type, geographic area and date. To purchase materials, one would contact the waste exchange company associated with the listing.

One component of the network is an electronic bulletin board...

...of additional source reduction and recycling information. Purchasing possibilities

Lewis Cutler, president of Northeast Industrial Waste Exchange Inc., a non-profit organization in Syracuse, N.Y., says because the EPA reaches a wide audience, the network will be beneficial for the waste exchange business. But, he says, any company, particularly chemical companies, can save money while being environmentally...

...plant managers to look at the possibilities here." Filling a need

One of the problems waste exchange businesses have had in the past is the way information has been distributed. Historically, the...

...He says the EPA's database will ensure that information is current and allow the waste exchanges to become more effective. It's important to note, says Curlin, "That the EPA is not running a waste exchange; it is echoing listings that are sent by industry to waste exchanges."

Indeed, the EPA encourages industry to use waste exchanges as part of its pollution prevention program. The idea is a good one, and deserves...

```
Items
                Description
Set
       911968
S1
                WASTE? ? OR WASTESTREAM?
S2
      1177977
                DB OR DBS OR OODB OR RDB OR RDBMS OR RDBS OR RD OR DATABAS-
             E? OR DATABANK? OR DATAMIN? OR DATA() (BASE? OR BANK? OR MINE?
              OR MINING)
S3
      4860090
                NETWORK? OR NET() WORK? OR LAN OR WAN OR SERVER? ? INTRANET?
              OR EXTRANET
S4
      8356680
               WEB OR INTERNET? OR WEBPAGE? OR WEB() PAGE? OR WEBSITE? OR -
             WEB()SITE? OR ONLINE OR ON()LINE
S5
      3126683
              RECYCL? OR RECOVER? OR REUSE? OR REUSING OR REUSABLE? OR -
             RE()(USE? ? OR USING OR USABLE?) OR DISPOS? OR REPROCESS? OR.
             RE()PROCESS? OR SALVAG?
                PURCHASE? OR BUY? OR SELL? ? OR SELLING OR SOLD OR ACQUIR?
S6
     13104329
             OR ACQUISITION? OR TRANSACT?
S7
        35041
              S1 (S) S2:S4
S8
         6859
                S7 AND S1(5N)S5
S9
               (RAW OR ORGANIC) () (MATERIAL? OR SUBSTANCE? OR ELEMENT?) OR
      1929893
            CHEMICAL? ? OR COMPOUND?
S10
       102576
              (S1 OR S9) (5N) S6
S11
          486
                S10 (S)S8
          105
S12
                S11 (S) (B2B OR B2C OR P2P OR BUSINESS(2W) (BUSINESS OR CLI-
            ENT? OR CONSUMER?) OR PEER(2W)PEER OR ECOMMERCE OR E()COMMERC-
          98
S13
                RD (unique items)
S14
          40
                S13 NOT PY>2000
S15
          21
                S11 AND S1(5N) EXCHANG?
S16
          19
                RD (unique items)
          18
                S16 NOT S14
S17
?show files
File 15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Jan 31
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Jan 31
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 610: Business Wire 1999-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 Business Wire.
File 810: Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
         (c) 1999 Business Wire
File 476: Financial Times Fulltext 1982-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 Financial Times Ltd
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Jan 31
         (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2005/Jan 29
         (c) 2005 San Jose Mercury News
     20:Dialog Global Reporter 1997-2005/Feb 01
         (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp.
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2005/Jan W3
         (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2005/Jan W3
         (c) 2005 IDG Communications
```

14/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00701800 93-51021

The power of IT: How can information technology support TQEM?

Johannson, Lynn

Total Quality Environmental Management v2n3 PP: 339-347 Spring 1993

ISSN: 1055-7571 JRNL CODE: TQE

WORD COUNT: 3106

...TEXT: e.g., scanners.

"These data bases, once established, must be kept current by the daily transactions of the business --e.g., wastes produced (by type and quantity), at which processes, exactly where the wastes are stored and exactly how much is stored there, wastes shipped (again by type and quantity), sites to where the wastes are shipped, which company transported which wastes, etc.

"It is apparent that the information available in the data base can be used ...

14/3,K/13 (Item 1 from file: 610)

DIALOG(R) File 610: Business Wire

(c) 2005 Business Wire. All rts. reserv.

00328486 20000725207B0419 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

OAKLEAF Announces Strategic Alliance with Encompass

Business Wire

Tuesday, July 25, 2000 09:24 EDT

JOURNAL CODE: BW LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSWIRE

WORD COUNT: 583

TEXT:

...customer service-oriented company in

the waste industry. The company specializes in the management of waste disposal contracts and provides service management functions for large, multi-site customers in the retail, restaurant, hotel, manufacturing and property management industries. They also offer a full e - commerce interface

enabling on - line bidding, consolidated invoicing, electronic billing,
payment

options, and service monitoring. One of OAKLEAF's strengths...

 \dots in revenue. In addition, OAKLEAF plans to expand its coast to coast growth through the **acquisition** of other **waste** management services and

brokerage firms.

Encompass Services Corporation, based in Houston, Texas, is the largest...

...largest cities. Additional information and press releases about Encompass are available on the company's **Web** site a www.encompserv.com.

14/3,K/15 (Item 1 from file: 476)

DIALOG(R) File 476: Financial Times Fulltext

(c) 2005 Financial Times Ltd. All rts. reserv.

0010581695 ACxxxxxx0292

SURVEY - MASTERING MANAGEMENT: environmental managers Environmental information systems began as a way of helping companies cope with mushrooming legislation. Now, their application has spread beyond recognition, says Dennis Rondinelli

DENNIS RONDINELLI

The Financial Times, Surveys ED, P 8

Monday, November 27, 2000

DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSPAPER; Surveys LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE:

FULLTEXT

Word Count: 2,283

...automatically generate reports required by agencies in different states, localities and countries.

B2B marketplaces

As **e** - **commerce** expands, managers are paying more attention to the potential for using **B2B networks** for buying equipment, supplies and services. Corporations that have seen the advantages of **B2B networks** for organising supply chains and rationalising procurement in manufacturing also tend to see their advantages for obtaining their environmental products and services and, increasingly, for trading or **selling** " **waste** " materials.

Pratt & Whitney, General Motors and Reichhold Chemical are some of the major companies taking...

...and many companies in the chemical industry are using e-marketplaces to trade, transfer, or **sell** excess inventory, used assets and " **waste** " materials that might have ended up in landfills. **E - commerce** companies such as TradeOut, AssetTrade and Ubid are helping with this. Manufacturers such as Dow and Eastman have set up their own **internet** marketplaces and other companies are using electronic trading firms such as Chemconnect, CheMatch, and e-Chemicals. Forrester Research reports that the **online** market for excess materials in the chemical industry is expected to reach Dollars 128bn in...

14/3,K/16 (Item 1 from file: 613)

DIALOG(R) File 613: PR Newswire

(c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

00407343 20000905ATTU002 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Facilitypro.Com Adds First Service Offering to B2b Marketplace; Signs Agreement with Oakleaf Waste Management

PR Newswire

Tuesday, September 5, 2000 10:01 EDT

JOURNAL CODE: PR LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSWIRE

WORD COUNT: 770

...com can be reached at 678-731-8534 or at www.facilitypro.com.

About OAKLEAF Waste Management

OAKLEAF Waste Management is a national and international waste management

services firm leveraging the \mbox{buying} power of 40,000+ locations throughout the

United States, Canada, Puerto Rico and Mexico. The company, which has grown

275% per year, specializes in the management of waste disposal contracts and

provides service management functions for large, multi-site customers in the

retail, restaurant, hotel; manufacturing and property management industries.

They also offer a full e - commerce interface enabling on - line bidding,

consolidated invoicing, electronic billing and payment options, and service monitoring. OAKLEAF also aggregates trash...

...projected to reach \$84 million.

Additional information about OAKLEAF is available on the company's Web site at

www.oakleafwastemgmt.com , or 1-888-OAKLEAF.

SOURCE FacilityPro.com

CONTACT: Jerry Goldstein of...

14/3,K/17 (Item 2 from file: 613)

DIALOG(R) File 613: PR Newswire

(c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

00375879 20000718DCTU034 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Ventera Corporation Takes a New Approach to Web Hosting

PR Newswire

Tuesday, July 18, 2000 11:24 EDT

JOURNAL CODE: PR LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSWIRE

WORD COUNT: 628

...particularly beneficial to its emerging
Internet clients. Currently, the company currently houses:

 * Whereoware.com, a business -to- business $\mbox{\em Web}$ site for the gift,

collectibles and home accessories industry;

* Wastebid.com, a **Web site** for **buying waste** and **recycling** services and

products;

 * Loanchannel.com, a \mathbf{Web} \mathbf{site} bringing together all parties involved in

obtaining a business loan; and

* TelecomHub.com, a **Web** site bringing together executives in the telecommunications and technology corridor of Northern Virginia.

In addition to...

14/3,K/31 (Item 8 from file: 20)

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter

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06037465 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

BRAZIL: SOLID WASTE PRODUCTS & SERVICES MARKET (2)

ALEXANDRE DE MATTOS POSSIK

INDUSTRY SECTOR ANALYSIS

April 25, 1999

JOURNAL CODE: FISA LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 4238

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

14/3,K/32 (Item 9 from file: 20)

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter

(c) 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

05709404 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Virtual waste: The Internet has become the happy home for one Clare-based company

GEOFF PERCIVAL

BUSINESS AND FINANCE

May 27, 1999

JOURNAL CODE: FBFN LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT WORD COUNT: 716

Buying and selling industrial waste on the Internet may not sound like a viable e - commerce model but for one Irish-based company and its owner, it has worked out very...

14/9/32 (Item 9 from file: 20) DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

05709404 (THIS IS THE FULLTEXT)

Virtual waste: The Internet has become the happy home for one Clare-based company

GEOFF PERCIVAL BUSINESS AND FINANCE

May 27, 1999

JOURNAL CODE: FBFN LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 716

Buying and selling industrial waste on the Internet may not sound like a viable e - commerce model but for one Irish-based company and its owner, it has worked out very well.

A virtual company in the true sense of the meaning, Wastechange was set up in Clare over a year ago, although it is 100% Internet located. Essentially it acts as an on-line matchmaker for Irish-based companies wishing to trade waste and by-products that would otherwise be destined for landfill. Members, who are charged an annual fee of IR pounds 48 per company, can phone, fax or e-mail Wastechange with details of their waste materials. These are then listed on Wastechange's (www.wastechange.com) under the relevant categories. These include anything from batteries, metals and glass to food, rubber, plastics and wood.

'It's a very cost effective service. A waste producer can effectively solve its waste disposal problems for as little as IR pounds 48. In the non-virtual world, if you like, finding a match can cost them many thousands of pounds in consultancy fees, staff time or whatever. Any additional costs are down to the company but overall they'd be spending less than the landfill alternative,' according to managing director Sarah Howcroft.

'It's not just a service for companies looking for an alternative to dumping their waste. Those already providing to a reprocessor for recycling can use it as a cost comparison vehicle between their current recycling partners and potential new ones. It's a competitive industry in many ways. There's also a huge environmental gain. It's often a case of dual motivation. On the one hand there are definite cost savings while on the other there is environmental compliance, as many companies come under the waste management act, ' she adds.

No volume quotas exist and there is no limit on the product types that can be listed. 'We will advertise it if its bona fide, legal and a waste with a market, which nearly everything has. There's nothing going into landfills that eventually can't be sorted,' says Howcroft. 'If we can demonstrate that there are large amounts of waste available in particular categories then maybe we can encourage the setting up of more recycling facilities and open up entrepreneurial avenues for people who can use our site as a map to show where the main demand in the country is located.

'There's a demand for waste and an increasing sense of responsibility among Irish waste producers, but it's hampered by communication problems. There are metal and chemical reprocessors in need of product, but it's a case of locating them. At the moment there are big holes in the Irish reprocessor market,' she says. Most of her clientele comes from the electronics and chemicals industries, even though she won't mention any of them by name on account of some of them being sensitive to people knowing of their waste arrangements. Though indigenous Irish customers are growing, the bulk tend to be foreign multinationals which are based in Ireland.

Getting support for the venture was not easy. The likes of Repack, Enterprise Ireland and IBEC have lent support, but initial funding was thin on the ground.

'Everything has been self funded. The government's funding arms either have no financing available until 2000 or feel the project is too premature. I think we've proved the idea works and I'm hopeful the government will soon take notice,' she adds.

Currently Wastechange is the only such service in Ireland. However,

similar models are already proven in Germany and the US where the Internet

is more advanced and like-minded projects tend to be State owned.

Working as a one person enterprise backed up by her Psion organiser, mobile phone and website, Howcroft seems to have set up the perfect virtual company.

'It's very easy to get wound up in us being an Internet company. While we are using the Internet as a shop window and a tool for collating knowledge, the skill is in sorting out waste problems. It will, in the future, have major benefits for us as it allows us to trade globally. Right now it means we can communicate more easily. Every country has its own expertise in recycling and we can more readily tap into that and learn how Ireland and the company can work more effectively,' says Howcroft.

Copyright 1999 Business and Finance. Source: World Reporter (Trade Mark) - FT McCarthy.

DESCRIPTORS: Contracts or New Orders; Company News

COUNTRY NAMES/CODES: Ireland (IE)

REGIONS: Europe; European Union; Western Europe

SIC CODES/DESCRIPTIONS: 7375 (Information Retrieval Services)

?

17/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02174832 73666715

Clicks and mortar

O Connell, Kim A

Waste Age v32n6 PP: 40-42 Jun 2001

ISSN: 0043-1001 JRNL CODE: UAKT

WORD COUNT: 2313

...TEXT: sell. "We've also seen, over the past three or four years, a proliferation of waste exchange companies that are looking to change the way transactions are made," Officer says.

Although they...

...Leaders

When the partners of Gershman, Brickner & Bratton (GBB), Fairfax, Va., joined with other solid waste executives from the Baltimore-Washington area to create an Internet presence, they asked themselves, "what are people looking to buy from their waste management companies?" The answer was service. Looking to automate the process of seeking and finding a waste hauler or recycler, these solid waste ve erans created WasteBid.com.

Conceived as a one-- stop shop for the waste and...

17/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00775440 94-24832

Industrial ecology - An organizing framework for environmental management Lowe, Ernest

Total Quality Environmental Management v3n1 PP: 73-85 Autumn 1993

ISSN: 1055-7571 JRNL CODE: TQE

WORD COUNT: 4708

- ...TEXT: drug. Today, BP is helping to do just that—using its own proprietary process to **recover** and purify acetonitrile, a **waste** by-product of **chemical** manufacturing. **Sold** to the pharmaceuticals industry, purified aceto is used to make insulin, a drug that means... wastewater from a neighboring wastewater treatment plant for cooling, saving on energy and water costs.
- * Waste Systems Institute and Pacific Materials Exchange provide online listings of "waste" materials available. Such regional/national information networks enable Companies to find markets for by-products...
- ...The Kalundborg example also suggests explicit design of industrial ecosystems in industrial parks and regional waste exchanges . Dr. Raymond Cote at Dalhousie University in Nova Scotia and Dr. Paul Shrivastava at Bucknell...

17/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

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00673678 93-22899

Reverse logistics in plastics recycling

Pohlen, Terrance L; Farris, M Theodore II

International Journal of Physical Distribution & Logistics Management

v22n7 PP: 35-47 1992

ISSN: 0960-0035 JRNL CODE: IPD

WORD COUNT: 8910

...TEXT: may also own MRFs or intermediate processing facilities.

INTERMEDIATE PROCESSORS

Intermediate processors are "companies that purchase source-separated recyclable waste materials and, after processing, sell them for production of new materials and products" 14, p. 13!, and may purchase material...unique core competency to fill this role, particularly for smaller communities or low-volume producers. Waste exchanges have also emerged to fill the communications gap.

"A Waste Exchange is a specialized service which promotes and expedites the recycling of wastes by providing a network for linking wastes (industrial and municipal) with those who may recycle them 30!". Waste exchanges operate over regional electronic bulletin boards and offer a specialized classified advertising system. The exchanges...

...a source of information regarding waste generators, their material, and recyclers not otherwise readily available. Waste exchanges operate in several states and Canadian provinces.

The importance of communications within recycling will grow...by expanding the broker's role within the channel or promoting innovations such as the waste exchange. Cost-effective recycling requires greater communication within the channel and a reduction in the search...51.

- 29. "Polystyrene Densifier", Solid Waste Management Solutions, Mobil Chemical Company, Pittsford, New York.
- 30. "Waste Exchanges", State of Ohio Environment Protection Agency, Columbus, OH, 19 September, 1991.
- 31. "Introduction to Recycled...

17/3,K/7 (Item 1 from file: 810)
DIALOG(R)File 810:Business Wire
(c) 1999 Business Wire . All rts. reserv.

0276848 BW854

CINCINNATI BELL DIRCTY: Cincinnati Bell Directory introduces new computer online service to help businesses reduce waste and meet environmental mandates

April 30, 1992

Byline: Business Editors

...called TEAM-W: The Electronic Answer for Managing Waste, is an electronic marketplace for the **exchange** of re-usable and recyclable **waste** materials that would typically end up in landfills. CBD debuted TEAM-W at the Environmental...

...newsletters,

federal, state and local contacts

- o Material Re-use Opportunities how to buy or sell materials using TEAM-W; regional waste exchanges; regional recycled materials price sheet; list of materials available and wanted
- o Recycling and Composting Guidelines why...

17/3,K/9 (Item 2 from file: 624) DIALOG(R) File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc. All rts. reserv.

0384599

THIS SYSTEM IS LITERALLY GARBAGE IN, GARBAGE OUT

EDITED BY FLEUR TEMPLETON

Business Week, Number 3267, Pg 81

May 25, 1992

JOURNAL CODE: BW

SECTION HEADING: Developments to Watch ISSN: 0007-7135

WORD COUNT: 140

TEXT:

With landfills overflowing and recycling programs faltering, waste disposal is a major concern--and expense--for businesses and communities. An Ohio company has one solution: an on - line market for businesses to buy and sell wastes .

Developed by Cincinnati Bell Directory (CBD) Co., a subsidiary of the telephone company, along with consultancies WasteNet and Environomics Inc., exchange costs \$395 a year to join. Once on the system, companies advertise reusable or recyclable...

... packaging to petroleum products, while others request materials. Participants communicate directly on the system.

exchanges exist around the country, but this is the Other waste first computerized system that's interactive and...

17/3,K/10 (Item 1 from file: 613)

DIALOG(R)File 613:PR Newswire

(c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

RecycleNet Corporation Launches Waste.Net Internet Network Reduces Waste to Landfills, Connects Regional Waste Exchanges

PR Newswire

Monday, April 19, 2004 T15:56:00Z

JOURNAL CODE: PR LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSWIRE

WORD COUNT: 507

RecycleNet Corporation Launches Waste.Net Internet Network Reduces Waste to Landfills, Connects Regional Waste Exchanges

...BOARD: GARM) is launching Waste.Net (http://www.waste.net/), an umbrella that networks regional waste exchanges .

Waste .Net, a FREE buy / sell /trade exchange, was established to assist everyone in his or her waste minimization efforts. Commercial...

...is for Waste.Net to foster the establishment of additional local, regional and industry specific waste exchanges , which will reduce the disposal of waste entering landfills and preserve valuable resources. Good stewardship...

...the management of waste in a manner that is environmentally responsible, efficient, profitable, and ethical.

RecycleNet acquired the Waste .Net website via RecycleNet 's

OldWebSites.Com strategy of purchasing and retooling existing web portals. OldWebSites.Com (http://www.oldwebsites.com/) is a new service allowing owners of websites to easily list and sell their sites directly to RecycleNet. The Company said the acquisition and reuse of Waste. Net is an example of the market opportunity available for buying and recycling websites.

About RecycleNet:

RecycleNet Corporation (OTC-BB: GARM) was founded in 1995 as an online trading...

17/3,K/14 (Item 1 from file: 20)
DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
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35073980 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)
RecycleNet Corporation Launches Waste.Net
PR NEWSWIRE (US)
April 19, 2004
TOURNAL CODE: WPRIL LANGUAGE: English

JOURNAL CODE: WPRU LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

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(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... BOARD: GARM) is launching Waste.Net (http://www.waste.net/), an umbrella that networks regional $waste\ exchanges$.

Waste .Net, a FREE buy / sell /trade exchange, was established to assist everyone in his or her waste minimization efforts. Commercial... is for Waste.Net to foster the establishment of additional local, regional and industry specific waste exchanges, which will reduce the disposal of waste entering landfills and preserve valuable resources. Good stewardship...

...the management of waste in a manner that is environmentally responsible, efficient, profitable, and ethical.

RecycleNet acquired the Waste .Net website via RecycleNet 's OldWebSites.Com strategy of purchasing and retooling existing web portals. OldWebSites.Com (http://www.oldwebsites.com/) is a new service allowing owners of websites to easily list and sell their sites directly to RecycleNet. The Company said the acquisition and reuse of Waste .Net is an example of the market opportunity available for buying and recycling websites .

About RecycleNet:

RecycleNet Corporation (OTC-BB: GARM) was founded in 1995 as an online trading...